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Introduction

- Slips, trips, and falls are among the most common accidents that occur in the workplace.
- According to the NSC, slips, trips, and falls account for:
 - 15% of all accidental deaths
 - 20% of all disabling injuries
- Every year, falls cause an estimated 564,000 disabling injuries.
- A large number of people receive disabling injuries just from falling down the stairs.







Introduction

- If the injuries are severe:
 - Large medical bills
 - Loss of wages because of lost work time
- Prevent such accidents and injuries in the workplace:
 - Identify responsibilities of both employees and management in reducing the incidence of slips, trips and falls in the workplace





Objectives

- ❖After successfully completing this course you will be able to:
 - Recognize the costs associated with slip, trip, and fall related injuries, and the scope of the problem.
 - Identify the leading causes for slip, trip, and fall injuries associated with the physical workplace environment.
 - Identify the leading causes for slip, trip, and fall injuries associated with employee behaviors.



Objectives

- ❖After completing this course you will also be able to:
 - Understand employer responsibilities associated with preventing slips, trips, and falls in the workplace.
 - Recognize actions employees should take to reduce risk for slip, trip, and fall related injuries in the workplace.



Causes of Slips, Trips and Falls

- To help prevent slips, trips, and falls in the workplace, we must be aware of the causes.
- These accidents occur because of:
 - Unsafe physical conditions on property.
 - Unsafe acts by team members.





Unsafe Physical Conditions

- Many fall injuries are caused by unsafe physical conditions such as:
 - Poor lighting
 - Objects that are not put in a proper place
 - Walkways with inadequate clearance and overhead obstacles
 - Dead-end corridors





Unsafe Physical Conditions

- Many of the accidents due to unsafe physical conditions occur:
 - On the floor
 - In the stairway
 - While working on an elevated area





Unsafe Physical Conditions

❖ On the floor:

- Uneven floors or holes in floors
- Worn out floor coverings that are not replaced
- Slippery floors caused by oil spills, water, ice, etc.
- Waxed floors or floors with smooth tiles that are slippery

❖ In the stairway:

- Steep or irregular stairs
- Low handrails on stairs





Unsafe Physical Conditions

- ❖ While working on an elevated area:
 - Absence of guard rails or toe boards on raised work platforms or floors
 - Unsafe ladders and stools
 - Unsafe angle of a ramp or ladder





Identify Who is Responsible

Who is responsible for these unsafe physical conditions in the workplace?

- We all have a responsibility to provide a safe workplace.
- Ensure that the facility and equipment are safe.
- The following conditions are the responsibility of the employer:
 - Damaged floors
 - Stairways
 - Absence of handrails





Identify Who is Responsible

Employees all have a major role in preventing unsafe physical conditions.

- Ensure that there are no obstructions in the walkways and stairwells.
- Follow appropriate safety procedures while using ladders and work platforms.
- Report unsafe conditions such as:
 - Damaged floors
 - Floor coverings
 - Inadequate lighting
 - Unsafe stairs







Unsafe Employee Acts

Many slip, trip and fall injuries are caused by the carelessness of employees.

- Some employee acts that cause slip, trip and fall accidents include:
 - Running up or down stairs
 - Rushing around to get things done
 - Carrying very large objects that reduce visibility
 - Not removing things that block walkways
 - Horseplay
 - Not taking adequate precautions while using ladders



Unsafe Conditions and Unsafe Acts

- Tim tripped on a bucket left by another employee in a poorly lit corridor.
- ❖ Was this accident caused by an:
 - o unsafe physical condition or an
 - unsafe employee act?



The inadequate lighting was an unsafe physical condition.

The bucket left in the corridor was an unsafe employee act.



Unsafe Conditions and Unsafe Acts

Most fall injuries are caused by a combination of unsafe physical conditions and unsafe employee acts.





Preventing Falls

- Both management and employees have to work together to ensure a safe workplace.
- A good slip, trip and fall prevention program will help reduce injuries in the workplace.





Responsibilities of Employers and Employees

<u>Responsibilities</u>	
Employer	Employee
The facilities and equipment are safe	Follow good housekeeping practices and all the safety rules
The housekeeping practices and safety rules are well-defined	Wear appropriate clothes and fall protection



Employer Responsibilities

- We must ensure that the floors and floor covering are not damaged.
- We must also take special precautions if the workplace activities involve:
 - Spray painting
 - Chemical sprays or mists
 - Dusts
 - Vapors
 - Other operations that create slippery conditions.





Employer Responsibilities

❖ We must also ensure that:

- All walkways and working surfaces are free from fall hazards.
- All access routes, especially stairwells and exits, must be free of obstructions.
- Equipment and machinery such as forklifts and conveyors should not obstruct walkways.
- All elevated working spaces such as raised floors and work platforms must have guardrails.
- The railings are high enough to provide prevention for falls.



Employer Responsibilities

❖ In addition, we must also ensure that:

- The stairs and ladders are not worn or broken.
- The parking and other external areas are free from fall hazards.
- There is adequate lighting, especially near stairwells and confined spaces.
- PPE such as hard hats and shoes with rubber soles that help prevent fall injuries are available and in good condition.



Employee Responsibilities

- We can avoid many slips, trips, and falls by practicing good housekeeping:
 - Put away things in their proper places.
 - Don't leave anything lying around, especially in aisles and near stairwells.
 - Don't leave power cords, cables or hoses in walkways.
 - Never leave drawers open.
 - Mop any leaks, spills, or drips immediately.
 - To avoid slips due to icy floors, sand or salt the area.



Employee Responsibilities

- ❖ Don't rush
- Use railings for support
- ❖ Be on alert for:
 - Damaged stairs
 - Floors
 - Floor coverings





Employee Responsibilities

- Avoid carrying objects that prevent you from seeing ahead.
- Don't work or move around in the dark.
- Use flashlights.

These practices are your responsibility.

We must all do our part to create a safe workplace!





Employee Responsibilities

- We must be dressed appropriately for our workplace to prevent fall injuries:
 - We must not wear clothes that are too tight or too loose.
 - We must wear comfortable footwear that doesn't skid.







Employee Responsibilities

- Visitors are often exposed to or cause fall injuries.
- Post warning signs to indicate potential fall hazards.
- ❖ Be alert to any new potential hazards and report anything that could cause a slip, trip, or fall to the supervisor.





Quiz





Thank you

If you have any questions about slips, trips and falls, or the content of this presentation, please contact your Gallagher Bassett Loss Control Consultant.



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Contact. Gallagher Bassett Services. Inc. for answers to specific questions regarding your particular circumstances.