

# Dell OptiPlex 9010/7010 Desktop Owner's Manual

Regulatory Model: D05D  
Regulatory Type: D05D002



# Notes, Cautions, and Warnings



**NOTE:** A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your computer.



**CAUTION:** A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.



**WARNING:** A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.

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# Working on Your Computer

## Before Working Inside Your Computer


Use the following safety guidelines to help protect your computer from potential damage and to help to ensure your personal safety. Unless otherwise noted, each procedure included in this document assumes that the following conditions exist:


- You have read the safety information that shipped with your computer.
- A component can be replaced or--if purchased separately--installed by performing the removal procedure in reverse order.


 **WARNING:** Before working inside your computer, read the safety information that shipped with your computer. For additional safety best practices information, see the Regulatory Compliance Homepage at [www.dell.com/regulatory\\_compliance](http://www.dell.com/regulatory_compliance).

 **CAUTION:** Many repairs may only be done by a certified service technician. You should only perform troubleshooting and simple repairs as authorized in your product documentation, or as directed by the online or telephone service and support team. Damage due to servicing that is not authorized by Dell is not covered by your warranty. Read and follow the safety instructions that came with the product.

 **CAUTION:** To avoid electrostatic discharge, ground yourself by using a wrist grounding strap or by periodically touching an unpainted metal surface, such as a connector on the back of the computer.

 **CAUTION:** Handle components and cards with care. Do not touch the components or contacts on a card. Hold a card by its edges or by its metal mounting bracket. Hold a component such as a processor by its edges, not by its pins.

 **CAUTION:** When you disconnect a cable, pull on its connector or on its pull-tab, not on the cable itself. Some cables have connectors with locking tabs; if you are disconnecting this type of cable, press in on the locking tabs before you disconnect the cable. As you pull connectors apart, keep them evenly aligned to avoid bending any connector pins. Also, before you connect a cable, ensure that both connectors are correctly oriented and aligned.

 **NOTE:** The color of your computer and certain components may appear differently than shown in this document.

To avoid damaging your computer, perform the following steps before you begin working inside the computer.

1. Ensure that your work surface is flat and clean to prevent the computer cover from being scratched.
2. Turn off your computer (see Turning Off Your Computer).

 **CAUTION:** To disconnect a network cable, first unplug the cable from your computer and then unplug the cable from the network device.

3. Disconnect all network cables from the computer.
4. Disconnect your computer and all attached devices from their electrical outlets.
5. Press and hold the power button while the computer is unplugged to ground the system board.
6. Remove the cover.


**CAUTION:** Before touching anything inside your computer, ground yourself by touching an unpainted metal surface, such as the metal at the back of the computer. While you work, periodically touch an unpainted metal surface to dissipate static electricity, which could harm internal components.

## Turning Off Your Computer


**CAUTION:** To avoid losing data, save and close all open files and exit all open programs before you turn off your computer.

1. Shut down the operating system:

– In Windows 7:

Click **Start** , then click **Shut Down**.

– In Windows Vista:

Click **Start** , then click the arrow in the lower-right corner of the **Start** menu as shown below, and then click **Shut Down**.



– In Windows XP:

Click **Start** → **Turn Off Computer** → **Turn Off**. The computer turns off after the operating system shutdown process is complete.

2. Ensure that the computer and all attached devices are turned off. If your computer and attached devices did not automatically turn off when you shut down your operating system, press and hold the power button for about 6 seconds to turn them off.

## After Working Inside Your Computer

After you complete any replacement procedure, ensure you connect any external devices, cards, and cables before turning on your computer.

1. Replace the cover.

**CAUTION:** To connect a network cable, first plug the cable into the network device and then plug it into the computer.

2. Connect any telephone or network cables to your computer.

3. Connect your computer and all attached devices to their electrical outlets.

4. Turn on your computer.

5. If required, verify that the computer works correctly by running the Dell Diagnostics.

# Removing and Installing Components

This section provides detailed information on how to remove or install the components from your computer.

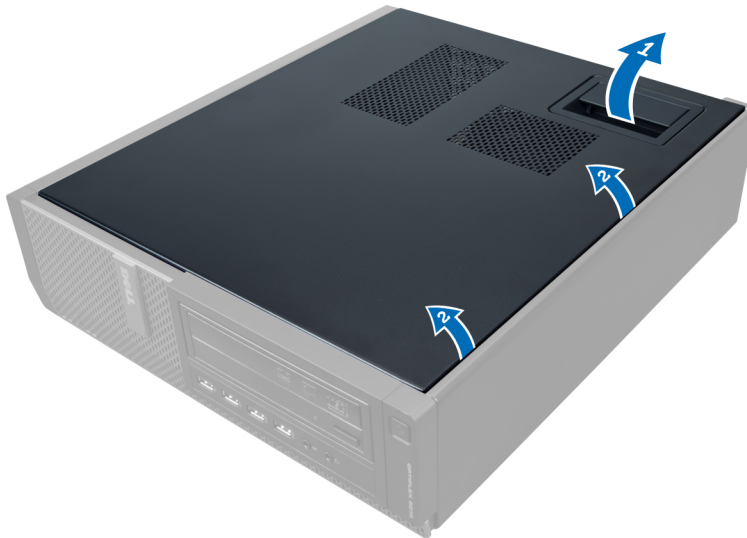
## Recommended Tools

The procedures in this document may require the following tools:

- Small flat-blade screwdriver
- Phillips screwdriver
- Small plastic scribe

## Removing The Cover

1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Pull up the cover release latch, and lift the cover upwards to remove it from the computer.



## Installing The Cover

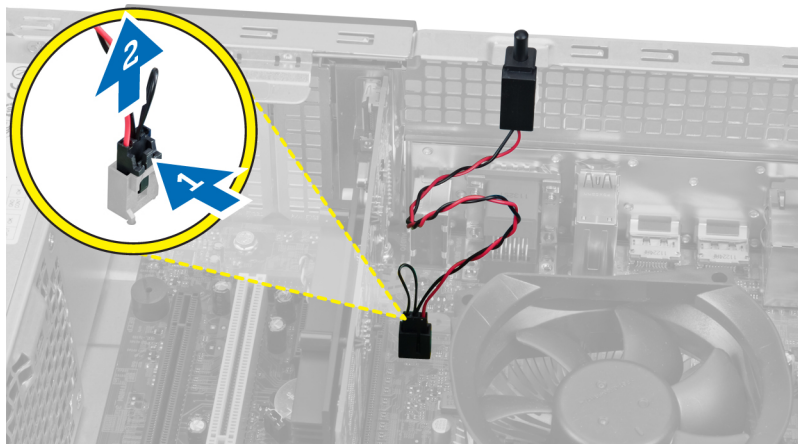
1. Place the cover on the computer.
2. Press down on the cover till it clicks into place.
3. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

## Removing The Intrusion Switch

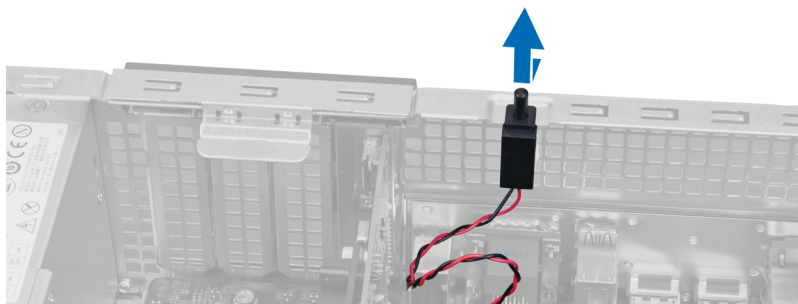
1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the cover.



3. Press the clip inwards to release and gently pull the intrusion cable from system board.



4. Slide the intrusion switch outward and remove it from the chassis.



## Installing The Intrusion Switch

1. Slide the intrusion switch toward the chassis top and secure it to place.
2. Connect the intrusion cable to the system board.
3. Install the cover.
4. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

## Removing The Front Bezel

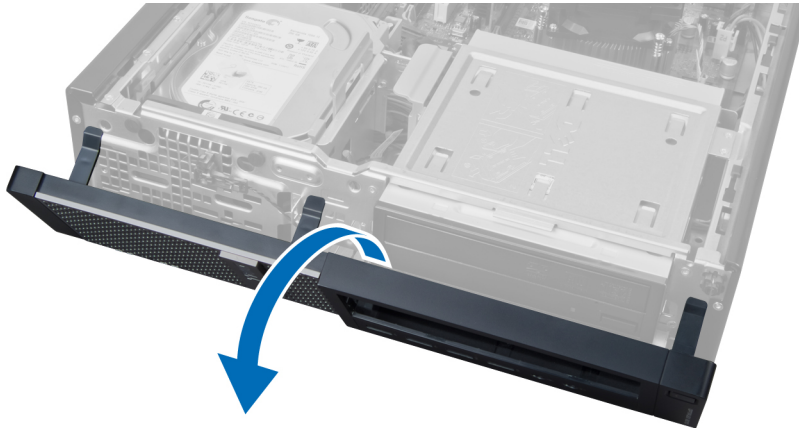
1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the cover.



3. Gently pry the front panel retention clips away from the chassis located at the side edge of front bezel.



4. Rotate the front panel away from the chassis to release the hooks on the opposite edge of the panel.

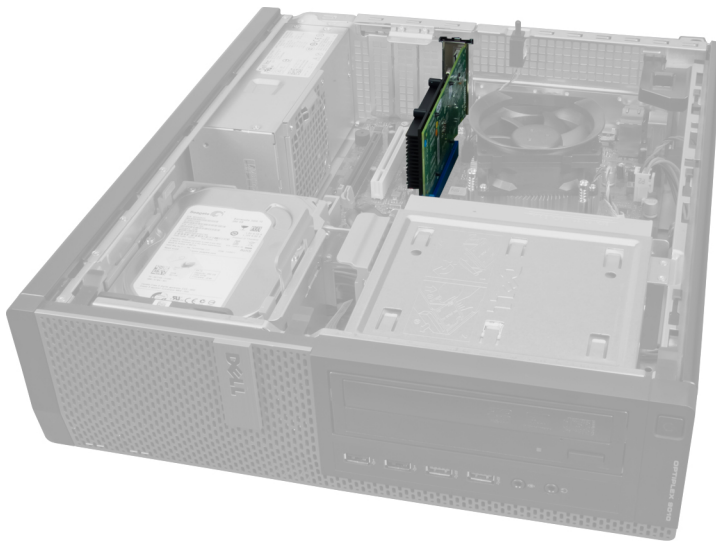


## Installing The Front Bezel

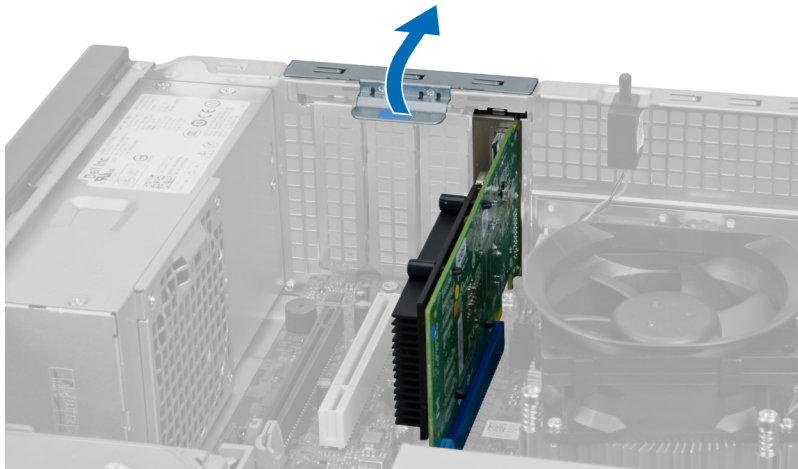
1. Insert the hooks along the bottom edge of the front panel into the slots on the chassis.
2. Rotate the bezel toward the computer to engage the four front panel retention clips until they click into place.
3. Install the cover.
4. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

## Removing The Expansion Card

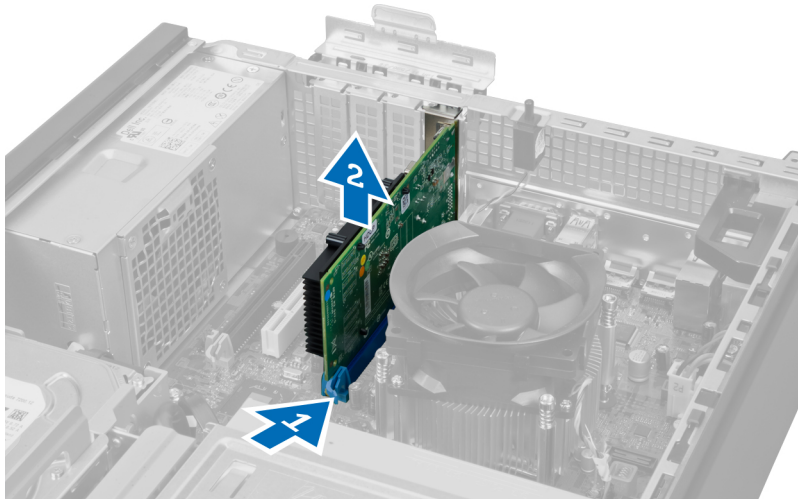
1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the cover.



3. Lift the release tab on the card-retention latch upward.



4. Press the release lever away from the expansion card and ease the card up and out of its connector.



## Installing The Expansion Card


1. Insert the expansion card into the connector on the system board to secure it in place and press down the card retention latch downward.
2. Install the cover.
3. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

## Memory Module Guidelines

To ensure optimal performance of your computer, observe the following general guidelines when configuring your system memory:

- Memory modules of different sizes can be mixed (for example, 2 GB and 4 GB), but all populated channels must have identical configurations.
- Memory modules must be installed beginning with the first socket.



 **NOTE:** The memory sockets in your computer may be labelled differently depending on the hardware configuration. For example, A1, A2 or 1,2,3.

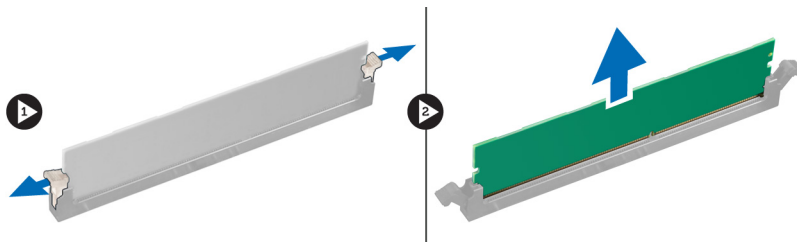
- If the quad-rank memory modules are mixed with single or dual-rank modules, the quad-rank modules must be installed in the sockets with the white release levers.
- If memory modules with different speeds are installed, they operate at the speed of the slowest installed memory module(s).

## Removing The Memory

1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the cover.



3. Press down on the memory retaining tabs on each side of the memory modules, and lift the memory modules out of the connectors on the system board.



## Installing The Memory

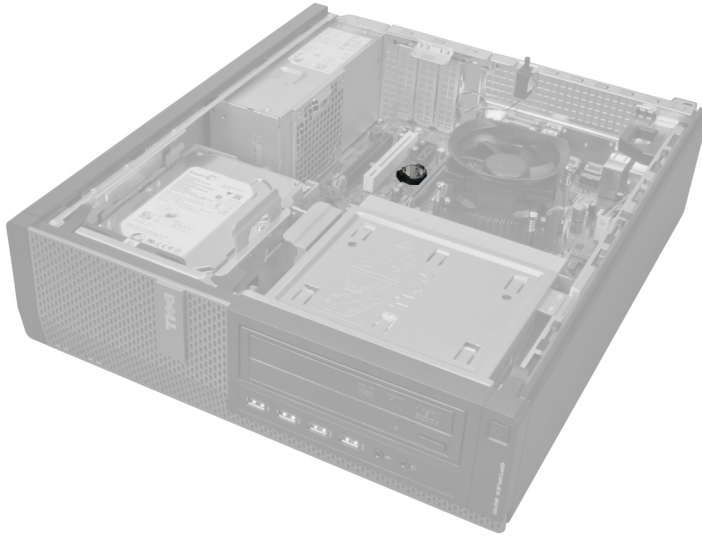
1. Align the notch on the memory-card with the tab in the system-board connector.
2. Insert the memory modules into the connectors on the system board. Install the memory in the order of 1 > 2 > 3 > 4.
3. Press down on the memory modules until the release tabs spring back to secure them in place.
4. Install the cover.
5. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

## Removing The Coin-Cell Battery

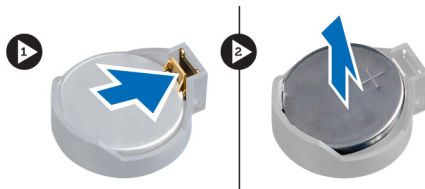
1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the



- a) cover
- b) expansion card



3. Carefully press the release latch away from the battery. The battery pops out from the socket, lift the coin-cell battery out of the computer.

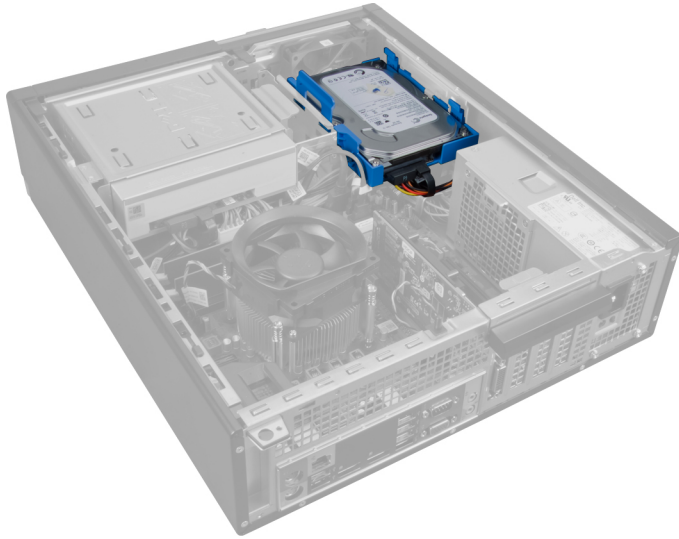


## Installing The Coin-Cell Battery

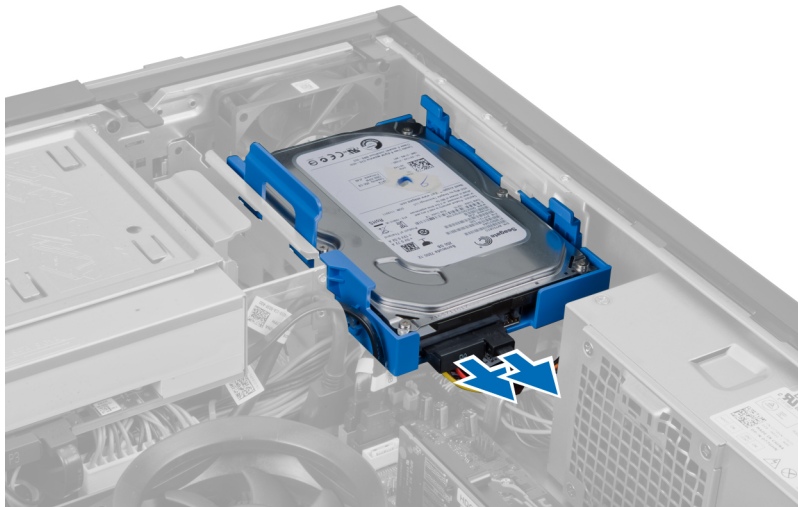
1. Place the coin cell battery into its slot on the system board.
2. Press the coin cell battery downward until the release latch springs back into place and secures it.
3. Install the expansion card.
4. Install the cover.
5. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

## Removing The Hard Drive

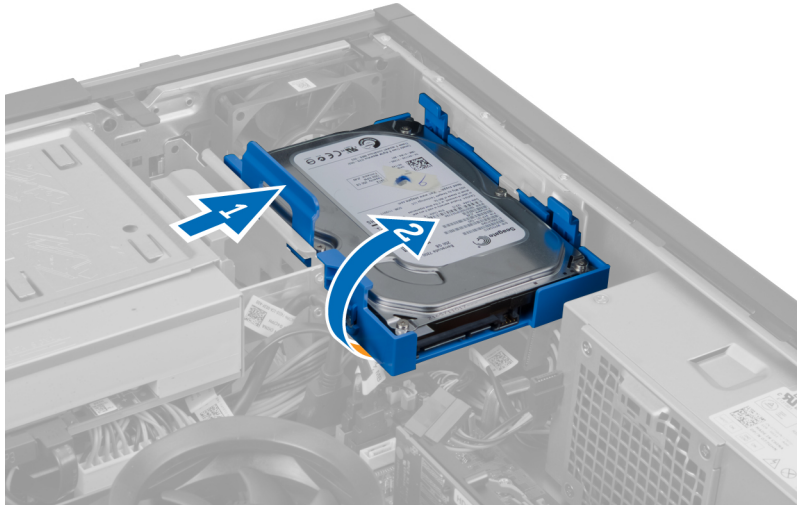
1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the cover.



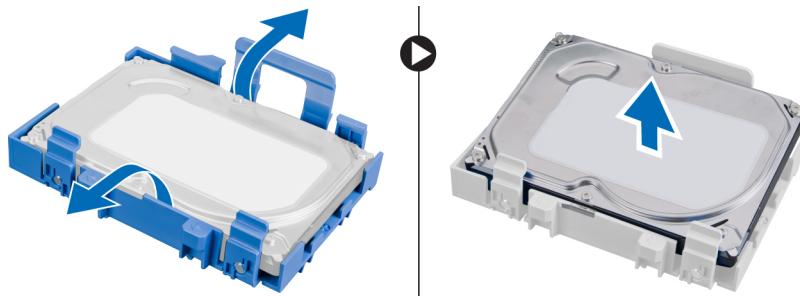
3. Remove the data cable and the power cable from the back of the hard drive.



4. Press the blue securing bracket inward and lift the hard drive bracket out of the bay in an angle.



5. Flex the hard drive bracket and then remove the hard drive from the bracket.



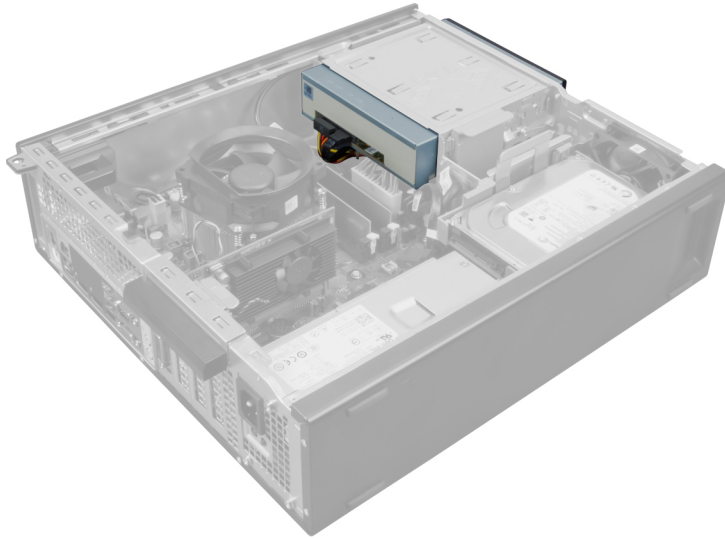
6. Repeat the preceding steps for the second hard drive, if available.

## Installing The Hard Drive

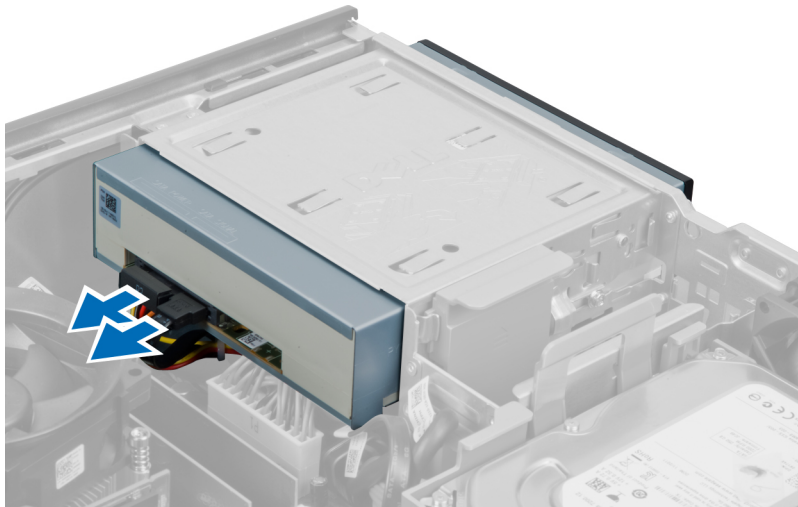
1. Insert the hard drive into the hard-drive bracket.
2. Press both blue securing-bracket tabs inward and slide the hard drive bracket into the bay in the chassis.
3. Connect the data cable and the power cable to the hard drive.
4. Install the cover.
5. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

## Removing The Optical Drive

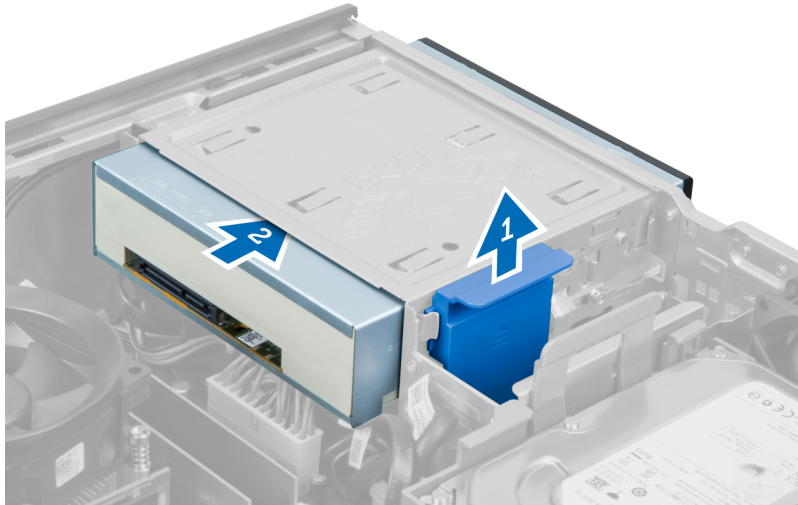
1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the
  - a) cover
  - b) front bezel



3. Remove the data cable and power cable from the back of the optical drive.



4. Lift up the optical-drive latch and then slide the optical drive towards the front of the computer.

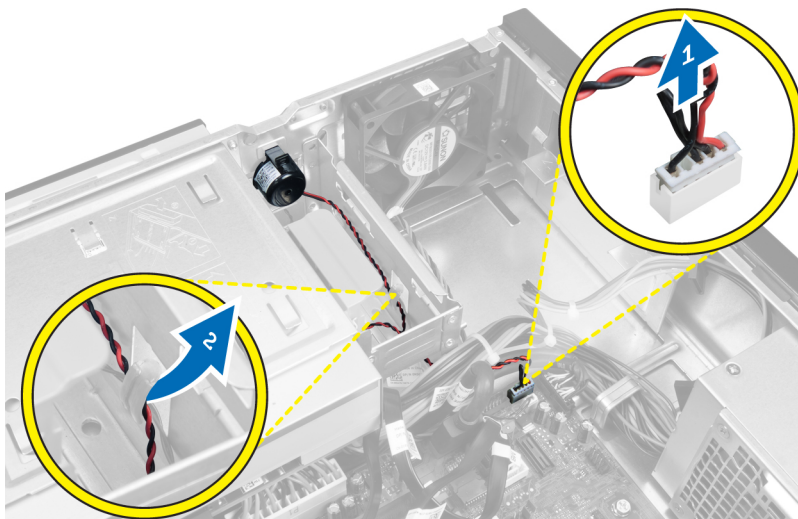


## Installing The Optical Drive

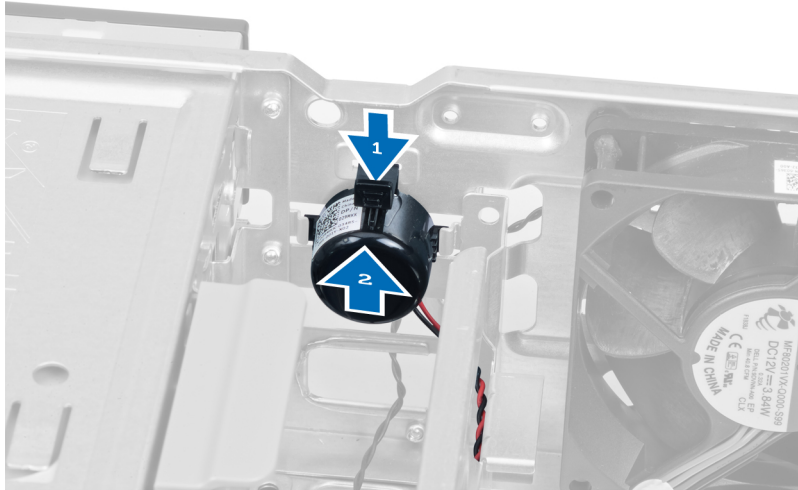
1. Push the optical drive from the front towards the back of the computer.
2. Connect the data cable and the power cable to the optical drive.
3. Install the front bezel.
4. Install the cover.
5. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

## Removing The Speaker

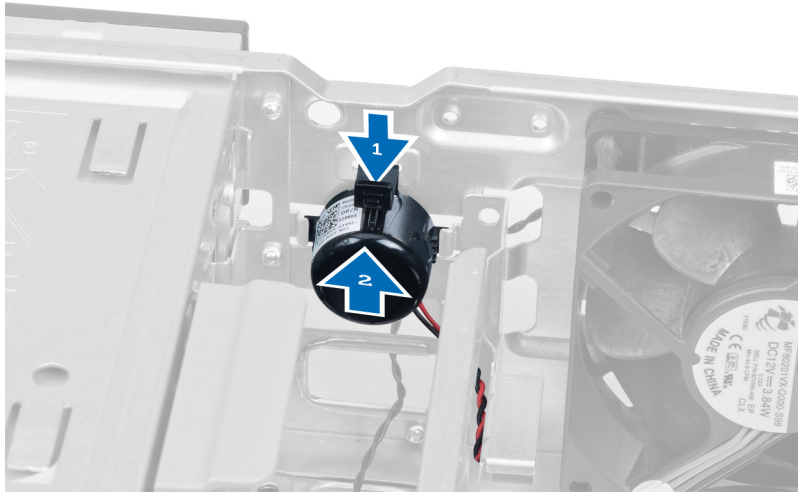
1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the cover.



3. Disconnect the speaker and unthread it.



4. Press down the speaker-securing tab and slide the speaker upwards to remove it.



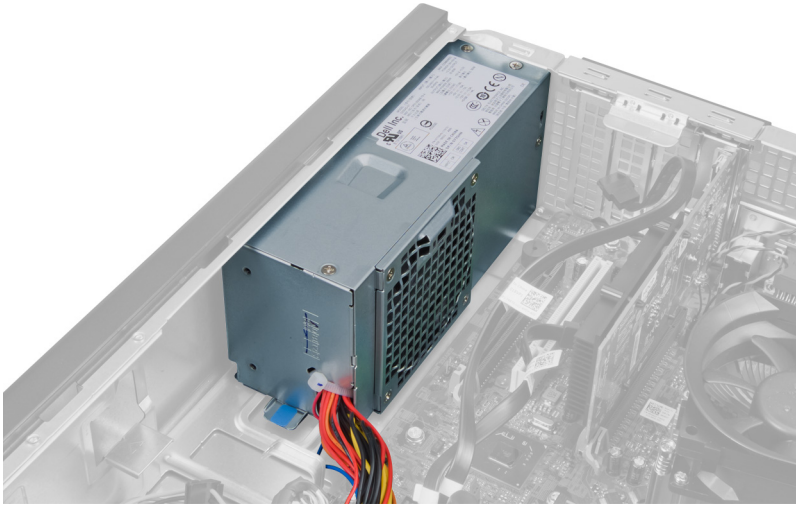
## Installing The Speaker

1. Press the speaker-securing tab and slide the speaker downward to secure it.
2. Thread the speaker cable into the chassis clip.
3. Connect the speaker cable to the system board.
4. Install the cover.
5. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

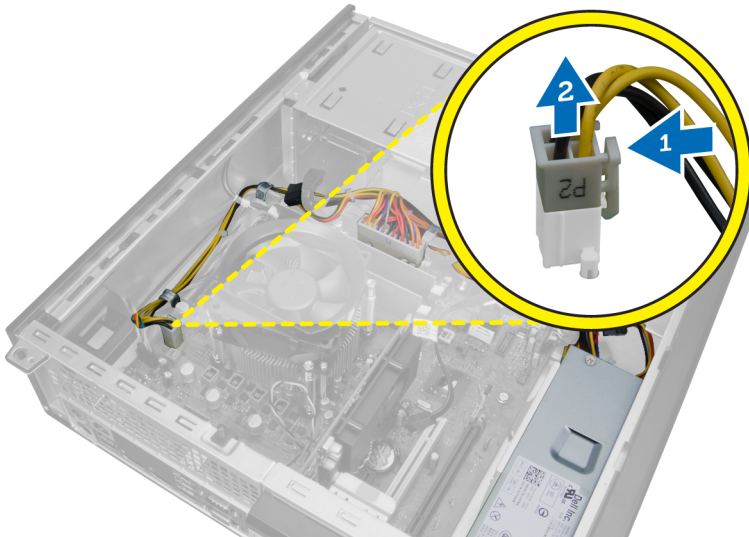
## Removing The Power Supply Unit

1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the
  - a) cover
  - b) hard drive
  - c) optical drive

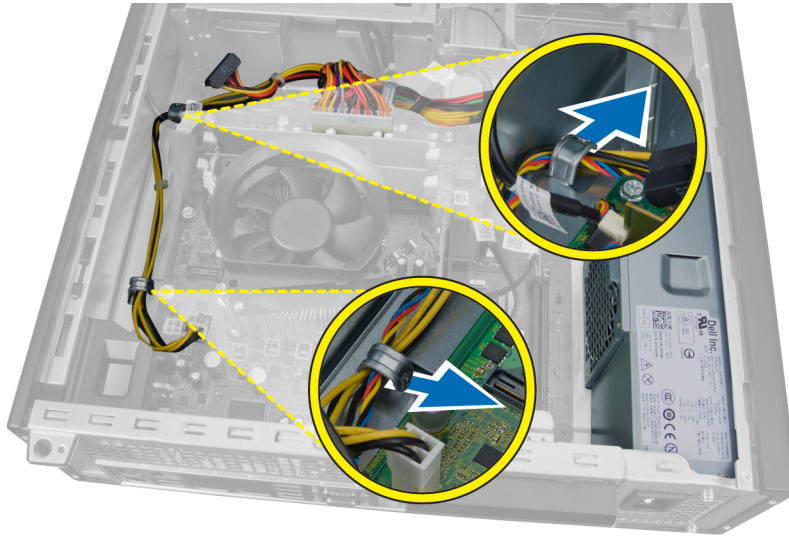




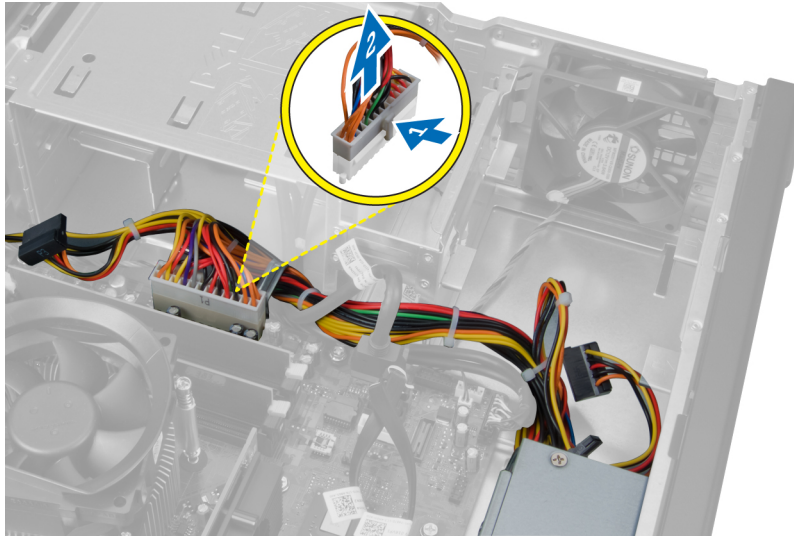
3. Press the plastic clip and disconnect the 4-pin power cable from the system board.



4. Unthread the power cable from the chassis clips.



5. Press and lift the 24-pin cable to disconnect it from the system board.



6. Unthread the 24-pin power cable from the chassis clip.

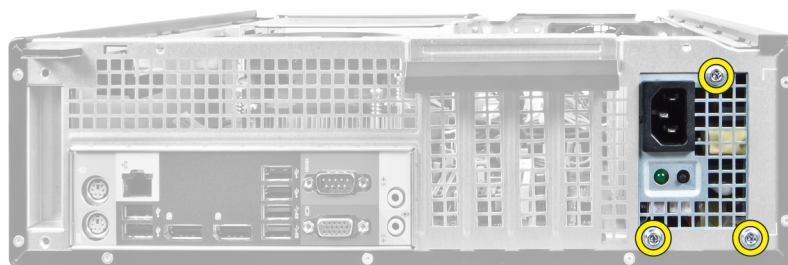




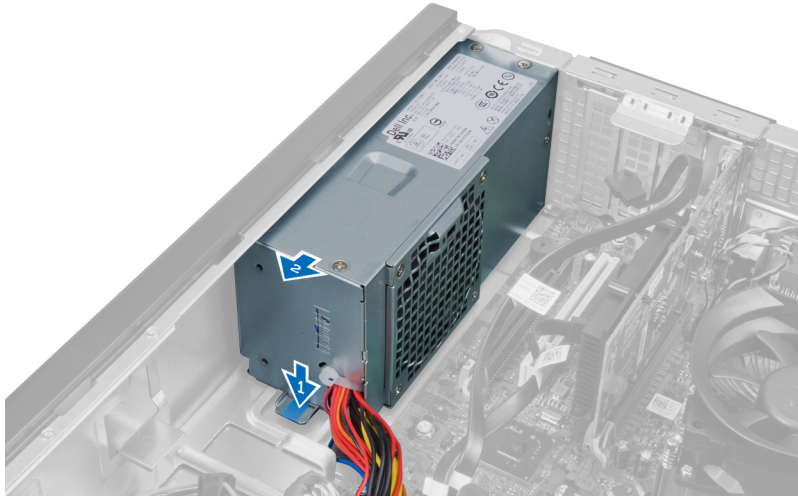
7. Unthread the power supply cables from the chassis clip.



8. Remove the screws that secure the power supply unit to the back of the computer.



9. Push in on the blue release tab beside the power supply, and slide the power supply towards the front of the computer.



10. Lift the power supply out of the computer.

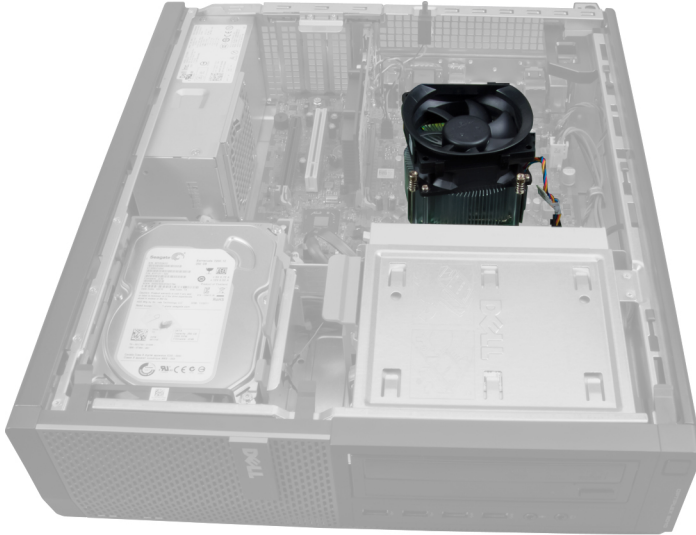


## Installing The Power Supply Unit

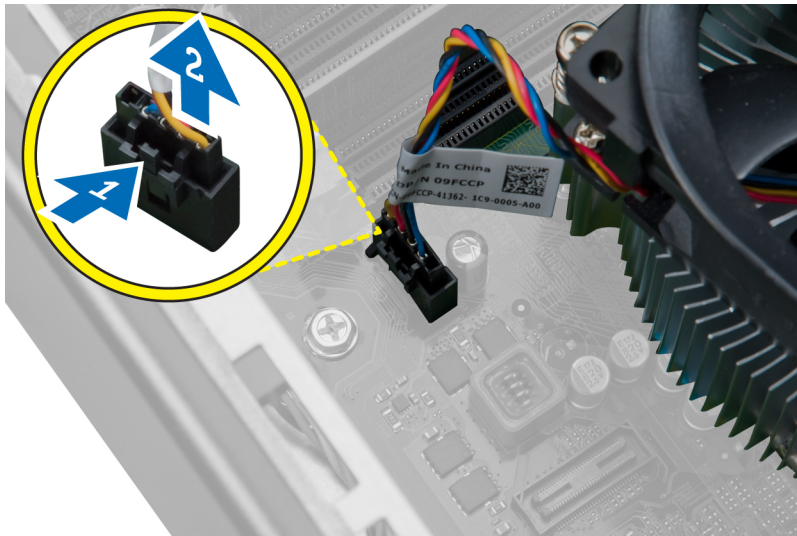
1. Place the power supply in the chassis and slide towards the back of the system to secure it.
2. Tighten the screws securing the power supply to the back of the computer.
3. Thread the power supply cables into the chassis clips.
4. Connect the 4-pin power cable to the system board.
5. Connect the 24-pin power cable to the system board.
6. Install the optical drive.
7. Install the hard drive.
8. Install the cover.
9. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

## Removing The Heat Sink

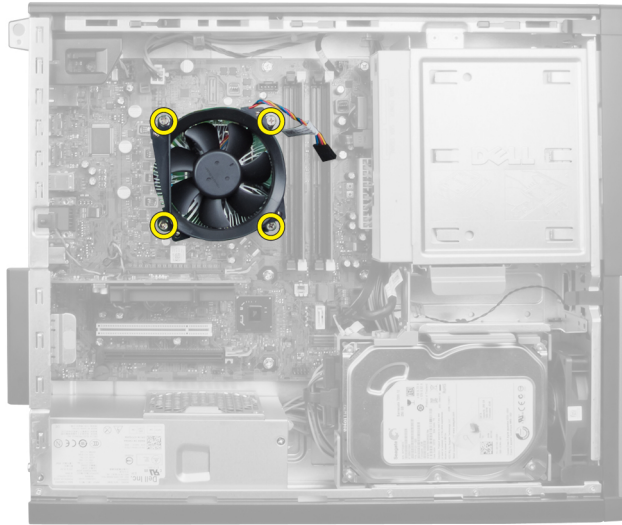
1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the cover.



3. Press the plastic clip and pull the heat-sink cable from the system board.



4. Using a Phillips screwdriver, loosen the captive screws securing the heat-sink assembly to the system board and lift it away from the computer. Lay the assembly with the fan facing downwards, and with the thermal grease facing upwards.



## Installing The Heat Sink

1. Place the heat sink into the chassis.
2. Use a Phillips screwdriver to tighten the captive screws securing the heat sink to the system board.
3. Connect the heat sink cable to the system board.
4. Install the cover.
5. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

## Removing The Processor

1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the cover.
3. Remove the heat sink.
4. Press the release lever down and then move it outward to release it from the retention hook that secures it. Lift the processor cover and remove the processor from its socket.

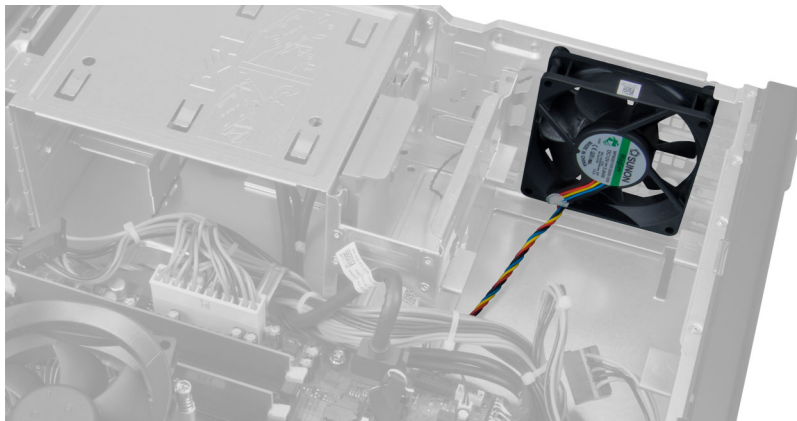


## Installing The Processor

1. Insert the processor into the processor socket. Ensure the processor is properly seated. The golden triangle mark on the processor should align with the triangle mark on the system board.
2. Gently lower the processor cover.
3. Press the release lever down and then move it inward to secure it with the retention hook.
4. Install the heat sink.
5. Install the cover.
6. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

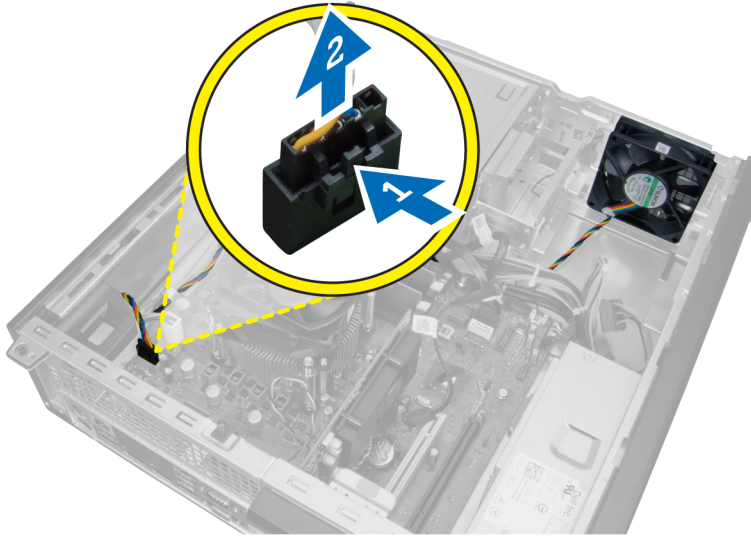
## Removing The System Fan

1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the
  - a) cover
  - b) front bezel
  - c) optical drive
  - d) hard drive

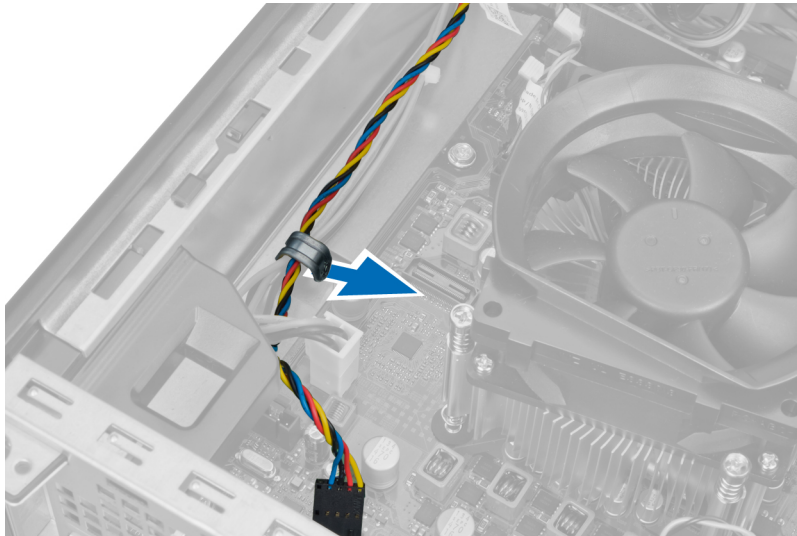


3. Press the plastic clip to release the system-fan cable from the system board.

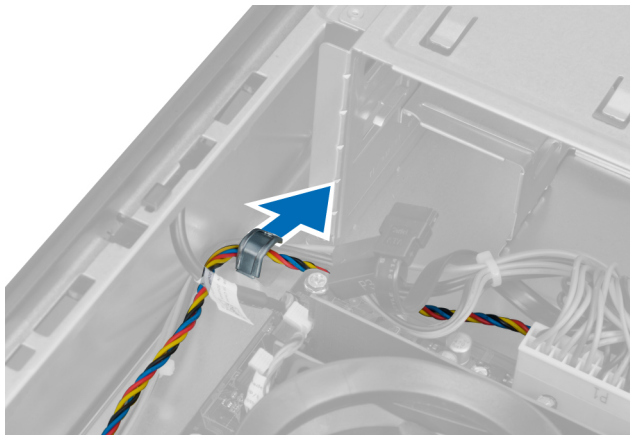




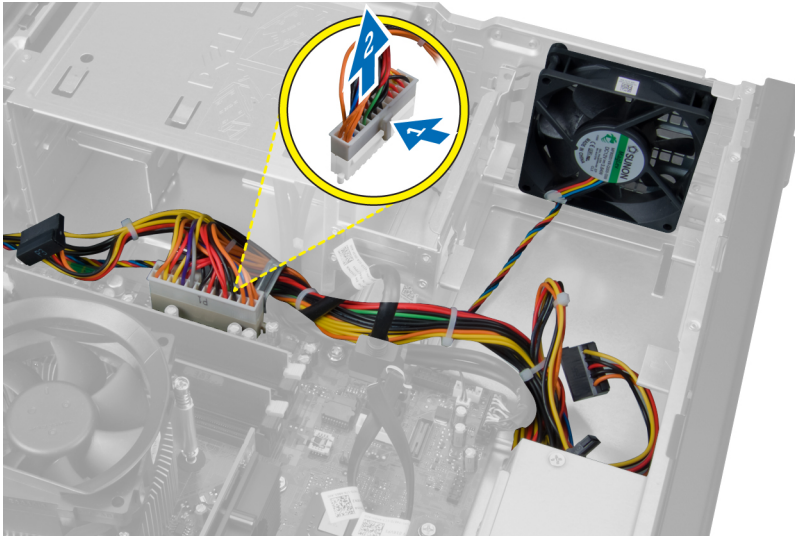
4. Unthread the system-fan cable from the chassis clip.



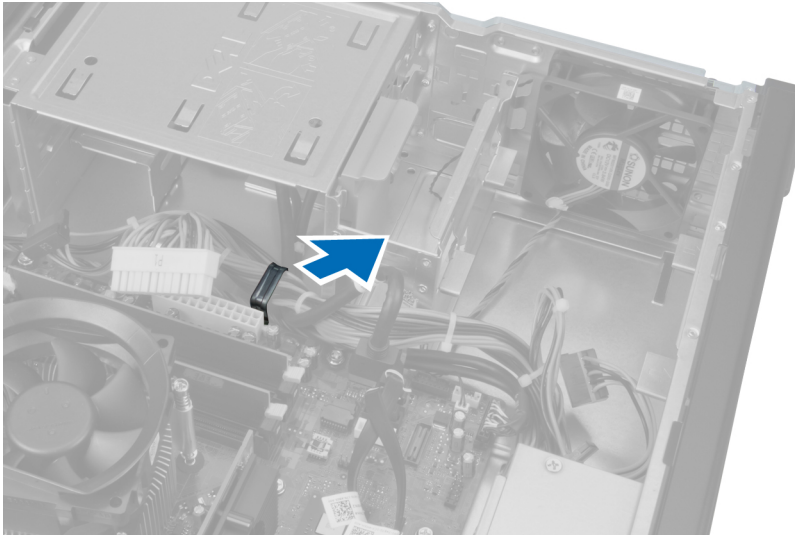
5. Release the system fan cables from the chassis clip.



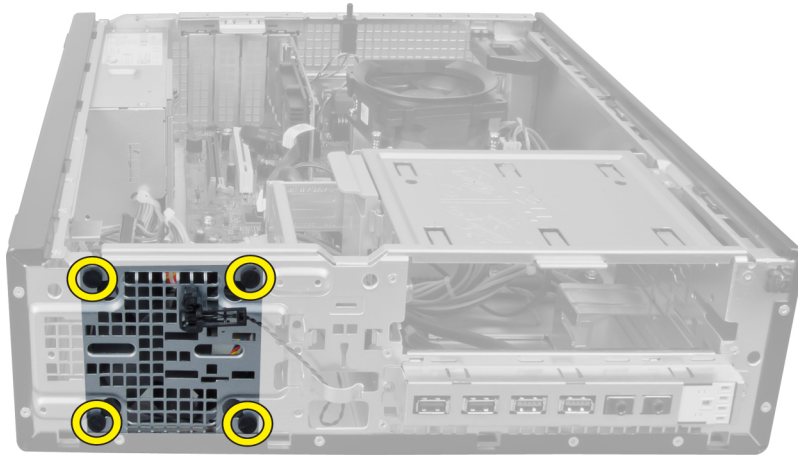
6. Press and disconnect the 24-pin power cable from the system board.



7. Unthread the power cables from the chassis clip.



8. Pry and remove the system fan away from the four grommets securing it to the computer.



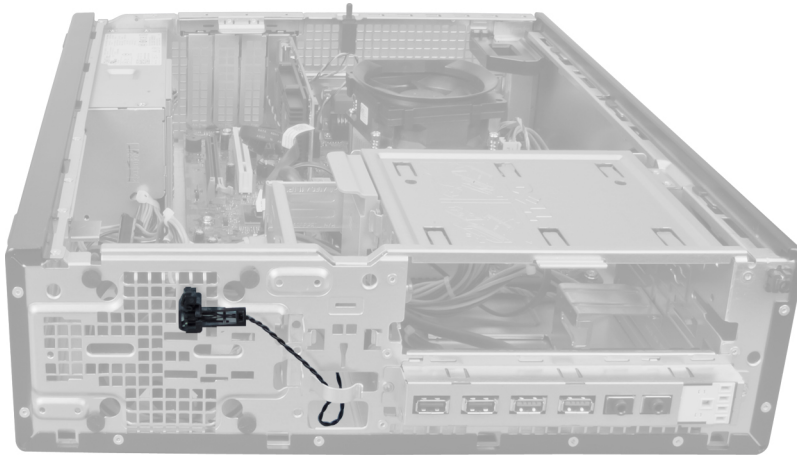
## Installing The System Fan

1. Place the system fan in the chassis.
2. Pass the four grommets through the chassis and slide outward along the groove to secure in place.
3. Thread the system fan connector cables to the chassis clips.
4. Connect the system fan cable to the system board.
5. Thread the power cables to the chassis clips.
6. Connect the 24-pin connector.
7. Install the hard drive.
8. Install the optical drive.
9. Install the front bezel.
10. Install the cover.
11. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

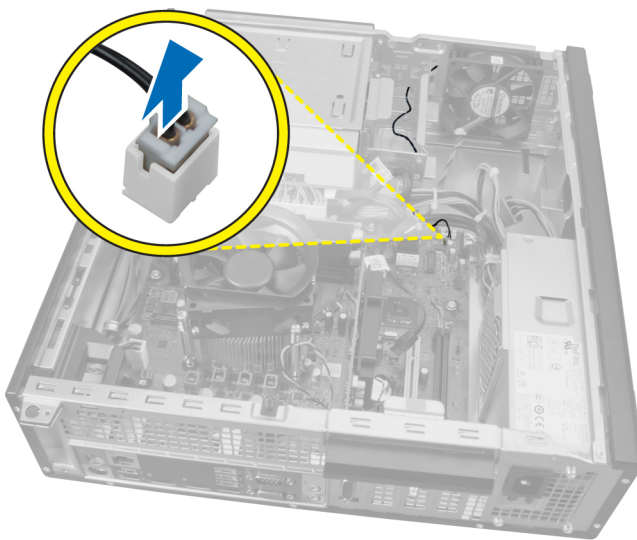
## Removing The Thermal Sensor

1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the
  - a) cover
  - b) front bezel
  - c) hard drive





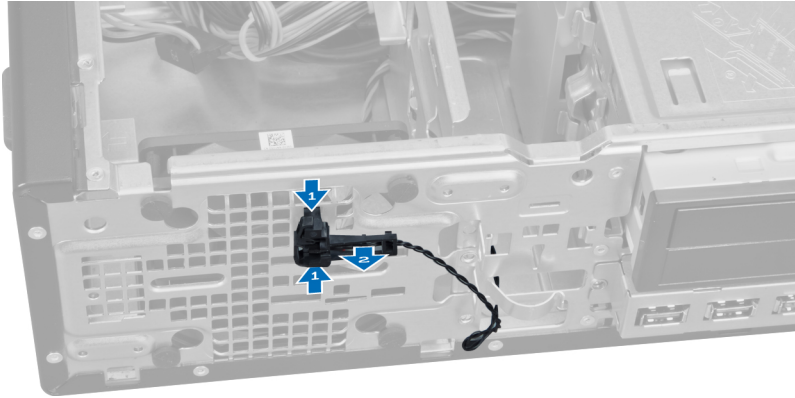
3. Disconnect the thermal-sensor cable from the system board.



4. Release the thermal-sensor cable from the chassis clips.



5. Gently press the tabs from both sides to release and remove the thermal sensor away from the chassis.

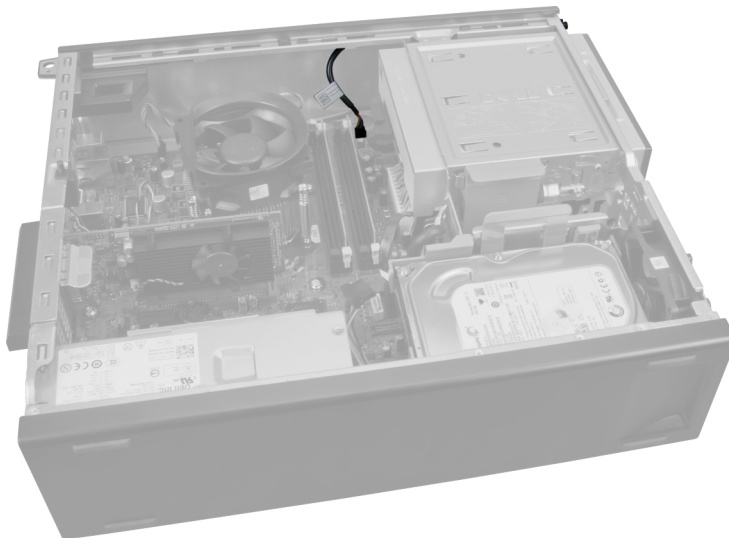


## Installing The Front Thermal Sensor

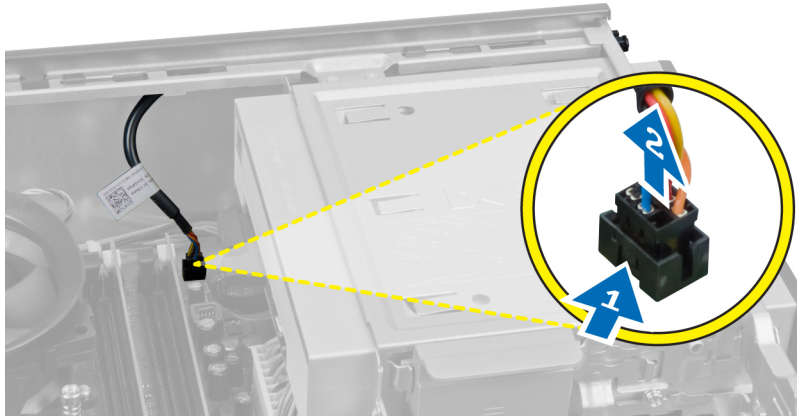
1. Secure the thermal sensor to the chassis front.
2. Thread the thermal-sensor cable into the chassis clips.
3. Connect the thermal-sensor cable to the system board.
4. Install the hard drive.
5. Install the front bezel.
6. Install the cover.
7. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

## Removing The Power Switch

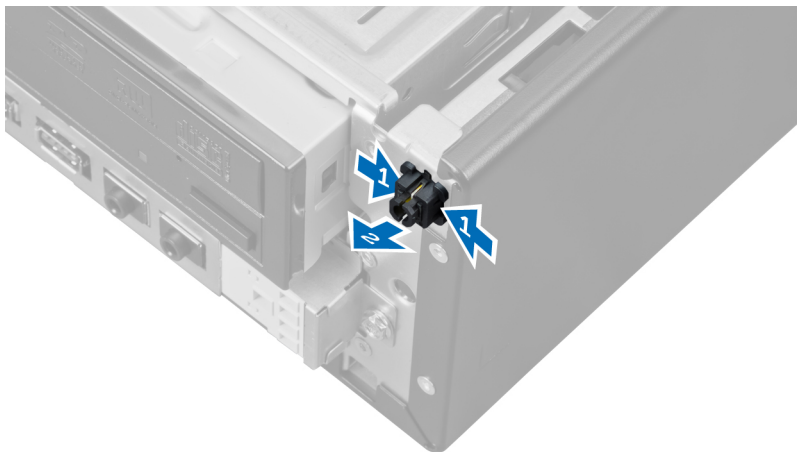
1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the
  - a) cover
  - b) front bezel



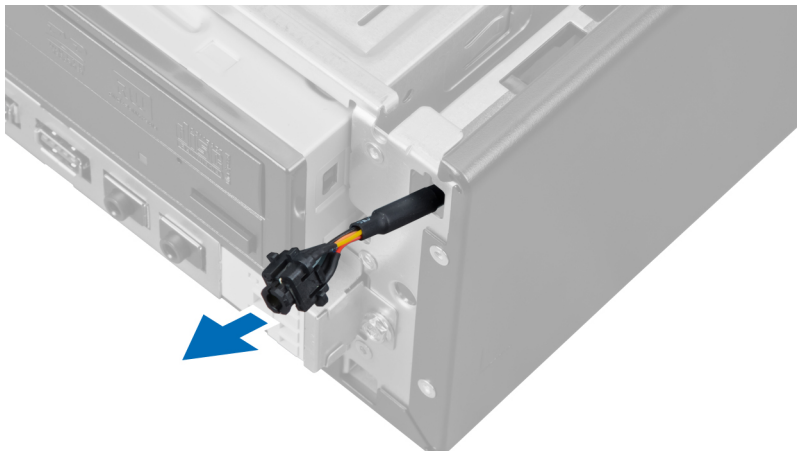
3. Press in and lift to release the power-switch cable from the system board.



4. Press the clips on both sides of the power switch to release it from the chassis and pull the power switch out of the computer.



5. Slide the power-switch cable out through the front of the computer.



## Installing The Power Switch

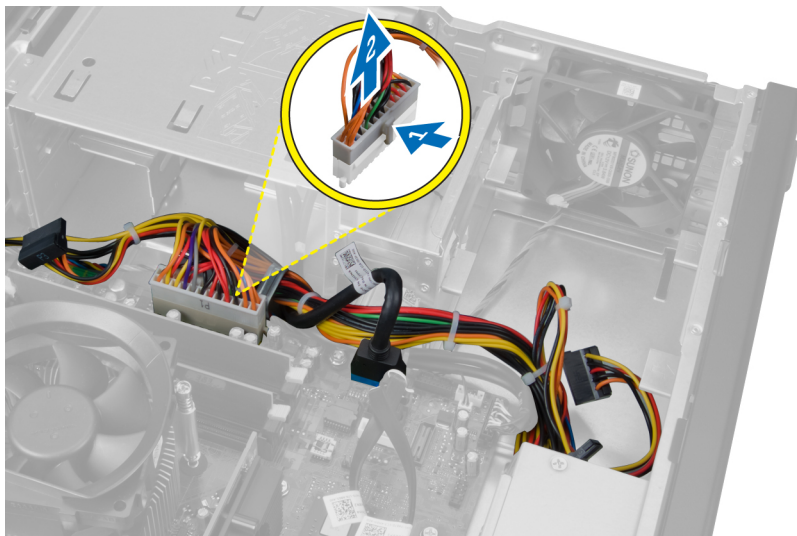
1. Slide the power-switch cable in through the front of the computer.
2. Secure the power-switch cable to the chassis.
3. Connect the power-switch cable to the system board.
4. Install the front bezel.
5. Install the cover.
6. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

## Removing The Input/Output Panel

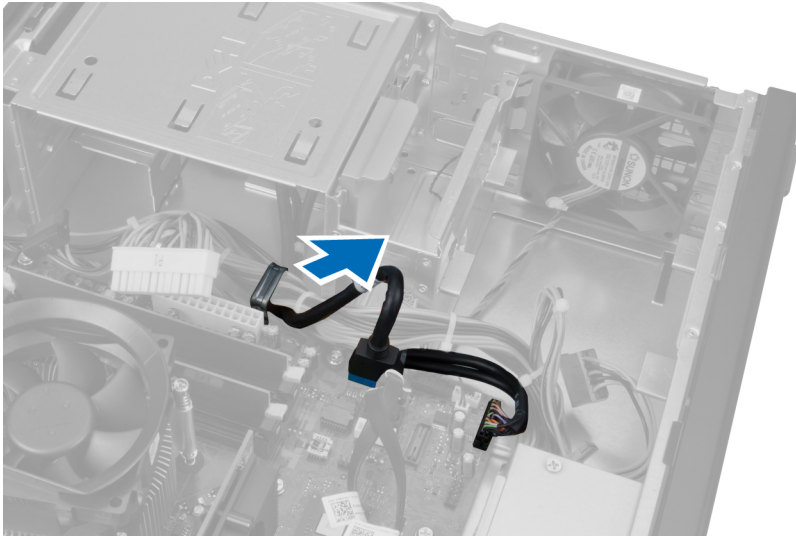
1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the
  - a) cover
  - b) front bezel
  - c) hard drive
  - d) optical drive



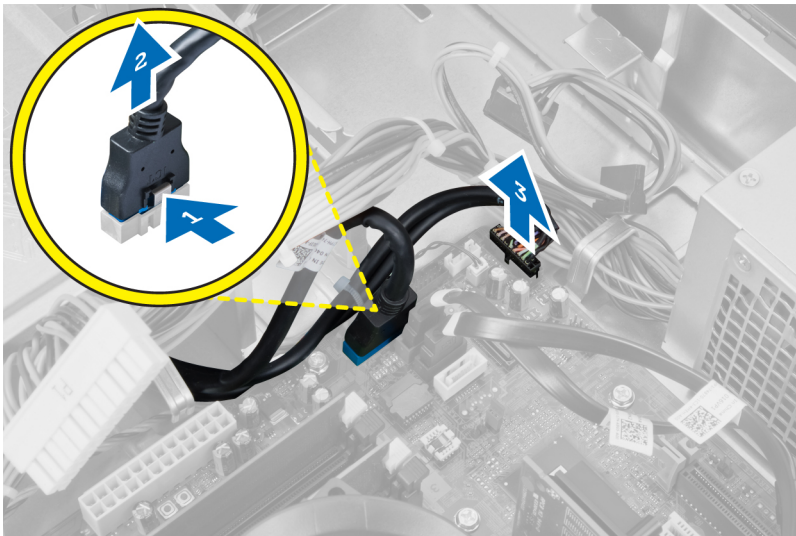
3. Disconnect the 24-pin connector from the system board.



4. Unthread and release the power cable and I/O cable from the chassis clip.



5. Press the metal clip and pull upwards to disconnect the USB 3.0 connector.

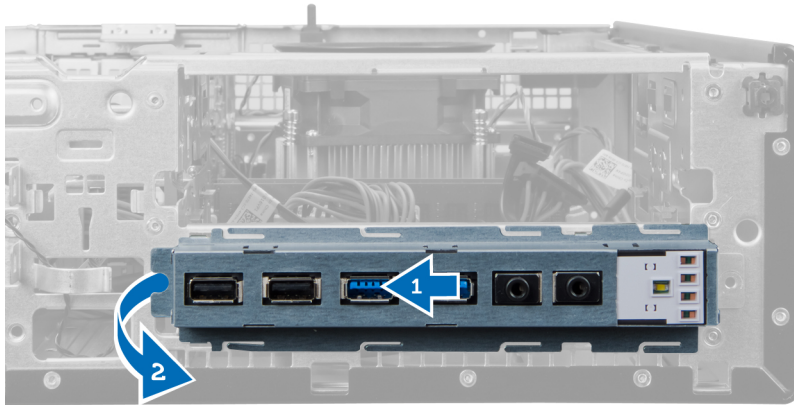


6. Remove the screw that secures the I/O panel to the computer.





7. Slide the I/O panel towards the left of the computer to release it and pull the I/O panel along with its cable out of the computer.

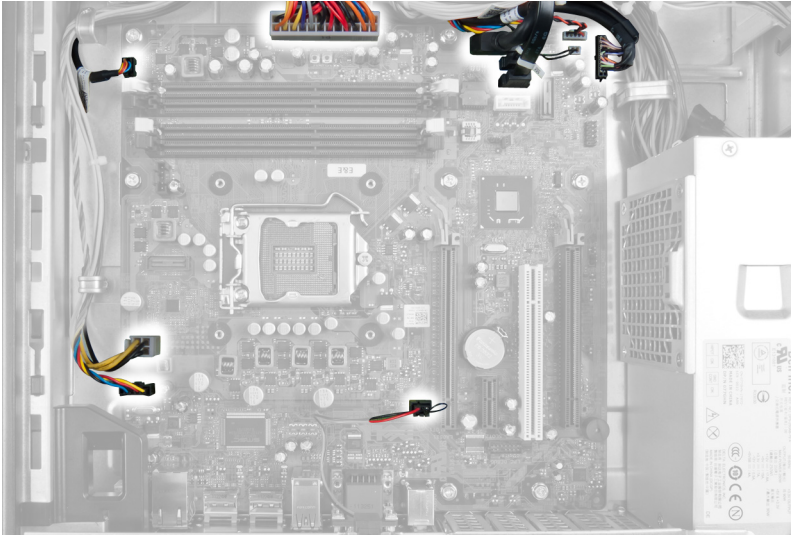


## Installing The Input/Output Panel

1. Insert the Input/Output Board into the slot on the chassis front.
2. Slide the Input/Output Board towards the right of the computer to secure to the chassis.
3. Tighten the screw securing the Input/Output Board to the chassis.
4. Thread the Input/Output Board/FlyWire cable into the chassis clip.
5. Connect the Input/Output Board/FlyWire cable to the system board.
6. Install the optical drive.
7. Install the disk drive.
8. Install the front bezel.
9. Install the cover.
10. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

## Removing The System Board

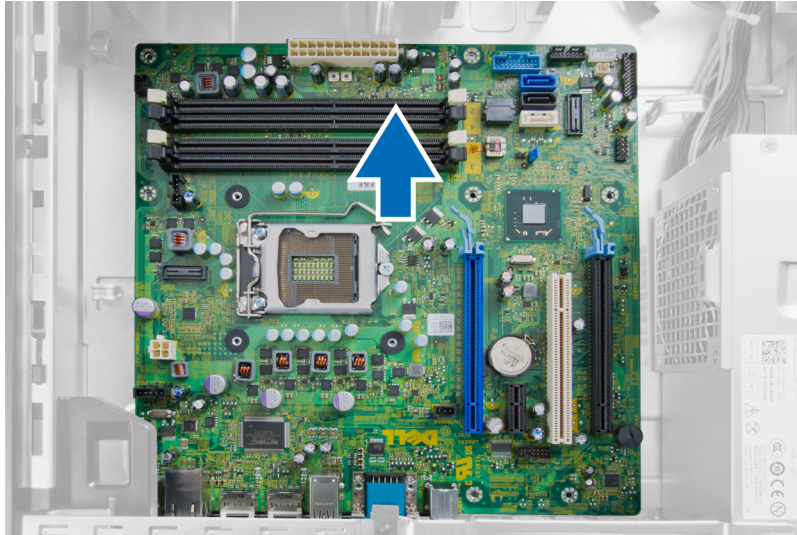
1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
2. Remove the
  - a) cover
  - b) front bezel
  - c) expansion card
  - d) memory
  - e) heat sink
  - f) processor
3. Disconnect all the cables connected to the system board.



4. Remove the screws that secure the system board to the chassis.

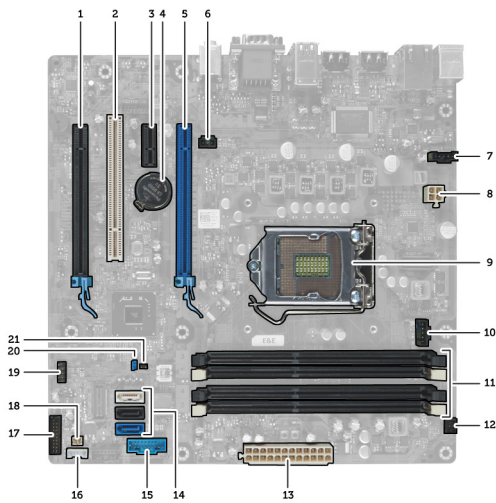


5. Slide and remove the system board from the chassis.



## System Board Layout

The following image displays the system board layout of the computer.



- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. PCI Express x16 (wired as x4) connector | 10. Fan Connector (Fan_CPU)             |
| 2. PCI Card connector                      | 11. Memory Module Connectors (DIMM_1-4) |
| 3. PCI Express x1 Card connector           | 12. Power Switch Connector (PWR_SW)     |
| 4. Battery socket                          | 13. System power Connector (Mini_PWR)   |
| 5. PCI Express x16 card connector          | 14. SATA Drive Connectors               |
| 6. Intruder Connector (Intruder)           | 15. Front USB                           |
| 7. Fan Connector (Fan_SYS)                 | 16. Internal Speaker Connector          |
| 8. Power connector (12V_PWRCONN)           | 17. Front-Panel Connector (FrontPanel)  |
| 9. Processor                               | 18. Thermal Sensor Connector            |



19. Internal USB Connector (INT\_USB)
20. Password Jumper (PSWD)

21. RTC reset jumper (RTCRST)

## Installing The System Board

1. Align the system board to the port connectors and place the system board in the chassis.
2. Tighten the screws securing the system board to the chassis.
3. Connect all the cables to the system board.
4. Install the processor.
5. Install the heat sink.
6. Install the memory.
7. Install the expansion card.
8. Install the front bezel.
9. Install the cover.
10. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.



## System Setup

System Setup enables you to manage your computer hardware and specify BIOS-level options. From the System Setup, you can:

- Change the NVRAM settings after you add or remove hardware
- View the system hardware configuration
- Enable or disable integrated devices
- Set performance and power management thresholds
- Manage your computer security


## Boot Sequence

Boot Sequence allows you to bypass the System Setup-defined boot device order and boot directly to a specific device (for example: optical drive or hard drive). During the Power-on Self Test (POST), when the Dell logo appears, you can:


- Access System Setup by pressing <F2> key
- Bring up the one-time boot menu by pressing <F12> key

The one-time boot menu displays the devices that you can boot from including the diagnostic option. The boot-menu options are:

- Removable Drive (if available)
- STXXXX Drive

 **NOTE:** XXX denotes the SATA drive number.


- Optical Drive
- Diagnostics

 **NOTE:** Choosing Diagnostics, will display the **ePSA diagnostics** screen.

The boot sequence screen also displays the option to access the System Setup screen.


## Navigation Keys

The following table displays the system setup navigation keys.


 **NOTE:** For most of the system setup options, changes that you make are recorded but do not take effect until you restart the system.

**Table 1. Navigation Keys**

Keys	Navigation
Up arrow	Moves to the previous field.
Down arrow	Moves to the next field.

Keys	Navigation
<Enter>	Allows you to select a value in the selected field (if applicable) or follow the link in the field.
Spacebar	Expands or collapses a drop-down list, if applicable.
<Tab>	Moves to the next focus area.
	 <b>NOTE:</b> For the standard graphics browser only.
<Esc>	Moves to the previous page till you view the main screen. Pressing <Esc> in the main screen displays a message that prompts you to save any unsaved changes and restarts the system.
<F1>	Displays the System Setup help file.



## System Setup Options


 **NOTE:** Depending on the computer and its installed devices, the items listed in this section may or may not appear

**Table 2. General**

Option	Description
System Information	<p>Displays the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>System Information</b> - Displays <b>BIOS Version, Service Tag, Asset Tag, Ownership Tag, Ownership Date, Manufacture Date,</b> and the <b>Express Service Code.</b></li> <li>• <b>Memory Information</b> - Displays <b>Memory Installed, Memory Available, Memory Speed, Memory Channels Mode, Memory Technology, DIMM 1 Size, DIMM 2 Size, DIMM 3 Size</b> and <b>DIMM 4 Size.</b></li> <li>• <b>PCI Information</b> - Displays <b>SLOT1, SLOT2, SLOT3,</b>and <b>SLOT4.</b></li> <li>• <b>Processor Information</b> - Displays <b>Processor Type, Core Count, Processor ID, Current Clock Speed, Minimum Clock Speed, Maximum Clock Speed, Processor L2 Cache, Processor L3 Cache, HT Capable,</b> and <b>64-Bit Technology.</b></li> <li>• <b>Device Information</b> - Displays <b>SATA-0, SATA-1, SATA-2 , SATA-3, LOM MAC Address, Audio Controller</b> and <b>Video Controller.</b></li> </ul>
Boot Sequence	<p>Allows you to specify the order in which the computer attempts to find an operating system. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diskette drive</li> <li>• ST320LT007-9ZV142 / ST3250312AS</li> <li>• USB Storage Device</li> <li>• CD/DVD/CD-RW Drive</li> <li>• Onboard NIC</li> </ul>
Boot List Option	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Legacy</li> <li>• UEFI</li> </ul>
Date/Time	<p>Allows you to set the date and time. The changes to the system date and time takes effect immediately.</p>



**Table 3. System Configuration**

<b>Option</b>	<b>Description</b>
Integrated NIC	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the integrated network card. You can set the integrated NIC to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Disabled</li><li>• Enabled</li><li>• Enabled w/PXE</li><li>• Enabled w/ImageServer</li></ul> <p> <b>NOTE:</b> Depending on the computer and its installed devices, the items listed in this section may or may not appear.</p>
Serial Port	<p>Allows you to define the serial port settings. You can set the serial port to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Disabled</li><li>• COM1</li><li>• COM2</li><li>• COM3</li><li>• COM4</li></ul> <p> <b>NOTE:</b> The operating system may allocate resources even though the setting is disabled.</p>
SATA Operation	<p>Allows you to configure the operating mode of the integrated hard drive controller.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Disabled</b> - The SATA controllers are hidden.</li><li>• <b>ATA</b> - SATA is configured for ATA mode.</li><li>• <b>AHCI</b> - SATA is configured for AHCI mode.</li><li>• <b>RAID ON</b> - SATA is configured to support RAID mode.</li></ul>
Drives	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the various on-board drives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• SATA-0</li><li>• SATA-1</li><li>• SATA-2</li><li>• SATA-3</li></ul>
SMART Reporting	<p>This field controls if the hard drive errors for the integrated drives are reported during system startup. This technology is part of the SMART (Self Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology) specification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Enable SMART Reporting</b> - This option is disabled by default.</li></ul>
USB Configuration	<p>This field configures the integrated USB controller. If <i>Boot Support</i> is enabled, the system is allowed to boot any type of USB mass storage devices (HDD, memory key, floppy).</p> <p>If USB port is enabled, device attached to this port is enabled and available for operation system.</p> <p>If USB port is disabled, the operation system cannot see any device attached to this port.</p> <p>The options for USB configuration differ based on the form factors:</p>

Option	Description
	<p>For Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor the options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enable Boot Support</li> <li>• Enable Rear Dual USB Ports</li> <li>• Enable Rear Quad USB Ports</li> <li>• Enable Front USB Ports</li> </ul> <p>For Ultra Small Form Factor, the options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enable Boot Support</li> <li>• Enable Rear Dual USB 2.0 Ports</li> <li>• Enable Rear Dual USB 3.0 Ports</li> <li>• Enable Front USB Ports</li> </ul> <p> <b>NOTE:</b> USB keyboard and mouse always work in the BIOS setup irrespective of these settings.</p>
Miscellaneous Devices	<p>Allows you to enable or disable various on-board devices.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Enable PCI Slot</b> - This option is enabled by default.</li> </ul>

**Table 4. Security**


Option	Description
Admin Password	<p>This field lets you set, change, or delete the administrator (admin) password (sometimes called the setup password). The admin password enables several security features.</p> <p>The drive does not have a password set by default.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter the old password</li> <li>• Enter the new password</li> <li>• Confirm the new password</li> </ul>
System Password	<p>Allows you to set, change, or delete the computer password (previously called the primary password).</p> <p>The drive does not have a password set by default.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter the old password</li> <li>• Enter the new password</li> <li>• Confirm the new password</li> </ul>
Internal HDD-0 Password	<p>Allows you to set, change, or delete the password on the computer's internal hard disk drive (HDD). Successful changes to this password take effect immediately.</p> <p>The drive does not have a password set by default.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter the old password</li> <li>• Enter the new password</li> <li>• Confirm the new password</li> </ul>
Strong Password	<p><b>Enable strong password</b> - This option is disabled by default.</p>
Password Configuration	<p>This field controls the minimum and maximum number of characters allowed for the admin and system passwords.</p>

Option	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Admin Password Min</li> <li>• Admin Password Max</li> <li>• System Password Min</li> <li>• System Password Max</li> </ul>
Password Bypass	<p>Allows you to bypass the <i>System Password</i> and the internal HDD password prompts during a system restart.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disabled - Always prompt for the system and internal HDD password when they are set. This option is disabled by default.</li> <li>• Reboot Bypass - Bypass the password prompts on restarts (warm boots).</li> </ul> <p> <b>NOTE:</b> The system will always prompt for the system and internal HDD passwords when powered on from the off state (a cold boot). Also, the system will always prompt for passwords on any module bay HDDs that may be present.</p>
Password Change	<p>Allows you to determine whether changes to the system and hard disk passwords are permitted when an administrator password is set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Allow Non-Admin Password Changes</b> - This option is enabled by default.</li> </ul>
TPM Security	<p>This option lets you control whether the Trusted Platform Module (TPM) in the system is enabled and visible to the operating system.</p> <p><b>TPM Security</b> - This option is disabled by default.</p> <p> <b>NOTE:</b> Activation, deactivation, and clear options are not affected if you load the setup program's default values. Changes to this option take effect immediately.</p>
Computrace	<p>This field lets you activate or disable the BIOS module interface of the optional <i>Computrace Service</i> from <i>Absolute Software</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Deactivate</b> - This option is disabled by default.</li> <li>• Disable</li> <li>• Activate</li> </ul>
CPU XD Support	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the execute disable mode of the processor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Enable CPU XD Support</b> - This option is enabled by default.</li> </ul>
OROM Keyboard Access	<p>Allows you to determine if you access the Option Read Only Memory (OROM) configuration screens via hotkeys during boot. These settings prevent access to the Intel RAID (CTRL+I) or Intel Management Engine BIOS Extension (CTRL+P/F12).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Enable</b> - User may enter OROM configuration screens via the hotkey.</li> <li>• <b>One-Time Enable</b> - User can enter the OROM configuration screens via the hotkeys during the next boot. After the boot, the setting will revert to disabled.</li> <li>• <b>Disable</b> - User can not enter the OROM configuration screens via the hotkey.</li> </ul> <p>This option is set to <b>Enable</b> by default.</p>
Admin Setup Lockout	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the option to enter setup when an admin password is set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Enable Admin Setup Lockout</b> - This option is not set by default.</li> </ul>


**Table 5. Performance**

Option	Description
Multi Core Support	Specifies whether the process will have one or all cores enabled. The performance of some applications will improve with the additional cores. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All - Enabled by default</li> <li>• 1</li> <li>• 2</li> </ul>
Intel® SpeedStep™	Allows you to enable or disable the Intel SpeedStep mode of the processor. This option is enabled by default.
C States Control	Allows you to enable or disable the additional processor sleep states. This option is enabled by default.
Intel® TurboBoost™	Allows you to enable or disable Intel TurboBoost mode of the processor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Disabled</b> - Does not allow the TurboBoost driver to increase the performance state of the processor above the standard performance.</li> <li>• <b>Enabled</b> - Allows the Intel TurboBoost driver to increase the performance of the CPU or graphics processor.</li> </ul>
Hyper-Thread Control	Allows you to enable or disable the Hyper-Threading technology. This option is disabled by default.

**Table 6. Power Management**

Option	Description
AC Recovery	Specifies how the computer will respond when AC power is applied after an AC power loss. You can set the AC Recovery to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Power Off (default)</li> <li>• Power On</li> <li>• Last Power State</li> </ul>
Auto On Time	This option sets the time of the day when you would like the system to turn on automatically. Time is kept in standard 12-hour format (hour:minutes:seconds). The startup time can be changed by typing the values in the time and A.M./P.M. fields. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Disabled</b> - The system will not automatically power up.</li> <li>• <b>Every Day</b> - The system will power up every day at the time you specified above .</li> <li>• <b>Weekdays</b> - The system will power up Monday through Friday at the time you specified above.</li> <li>• <b>Select Days</b> - The system will power up on days selected above at the time you specified above.</li> </ul> <p> <b>NOTE:</b> This feature does not work if you turn off your computer using the switch on a power strip or surge protector or if <b>Auto Power is set to disabled</b>.</p>
Deep Sleep Control	Allows you to define the controls when Deep Sleep is enabled. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disabled</li> <li>• Enabled in S5 only</li> <li>• Enabled in S4 and S5</li> </ul>



Option	Description
Fan Control Override	<p>This option is disabled by default.</p> <p>Controls the speed of the system fan. This option is disabled by default.</p> <p> <b>NOTE:</b> When enabled, the fan runs at full speed.</p>
USB Wake Support	<p>This option allows you to enable USB devices to wake the computer from standby.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Enable USB Wake Support</b> - This option is disabled by default.</li> </ul>
Wake on LAN	<p>This option allows the computer to power up from the off state when triggered by a special LAN signal. Wake-up from the Standby state is unaffected by this setting and must be enabled in the operating system. This feature only works when the computer is connected to AC power supply. The options differ based on the form factor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Disabled</b> - Does not allow the system to power on by special LAN signals when it receives a wake-up signal from the LAN or wireless LAN.</li> <li>• <b>LAN Only</b> - Allows the system to be powered on by special LAN signals.</li> <li>• <b>WLAN Only</b> - Allows the system to be powered on by special WLAN signals. (For Ultra Small Form Factor only)</li> <li>• <b>LAN or WLAN</b> - Allows the system to be powered on by special LAN or WLAN signals. (For Ultra Small Form Factor only)</li> </ul> <p>This option is Disabled by default.</p>
Block Sleep	<p>This option lets you block entering to sleep (S3 state) in operating system environment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Block Sleep (S3 state)</b> - This option is disabled by default.</li> </ul>

**Table 7. POST Behavior**

Option	Description
Numlock LED	Specifies if the NumLock function can be enabled when the system boots. This option is enabled by default.
Keyboard Errors	Specifies whether keyboard related errors are reported when it boots. This option is enabled by default.
POST Hotkeys	<p>Specifies whether the sign-on screen displays a message, that displays the keystroke sequence required to enter the BIOS Boot Option Menu.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Enable F12 Boot Option menu</b> - This option is enabled by default.</li> </ul>

**Table 8. Virtualization Support**





Option	Description
Virtualization	<p>This option specifies whether a Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM) can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Intel Virtualization technology.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Enable Intel Virtualization Technology</b> - This option is enabled by default.</li> </ul>
VT for Direct I/O	Enables or disables the Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM) from utilizing the additional hardware capabilities provided by Intel® Virtualization technology for direct I/O.




Option	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Enable Intel Virtualization Technology for Direct I/O</b> - This option is enabled by default.</li> </ul>
Trusted Execution	<p>This option specifies whether a Measured Virtual Machine Monitor (MVMM) can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Intel Trusted Execution technology. The TPM virtualization technology, and Virtualization technology for direct I/O must be enabled to use this feature.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Trusted Execution</b> - This option is disabled by default.</li> </ul>

**Table 9. Maintenance**

Option	Description
Service Tag	Displays the service tag of your computer.
Asset Tag	Allows you to create a system asset tag if an asset tag is not already set. This option is not set by default.
SERR Messages	Controls the SERR message mechanism. This option is not set by default. Some graphics cards require that the SERR message mechanism be disabled.

**Table 10. Image Server**

Option	Description
Lookup Method	<p>Specifies how the ImageServer looks up the server address.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Static IP</li> <li>• DNS (enabled by default)</li> </ul> <p> <b>NOTE:</b> This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i>.</p>
ImageServer IP	<p>Specifies the primary static IP address of the ImageServer with which the client software communicates. The default IP address is <b>255.255.255.255</b>.</p> <p> <b>NOTE:</b> This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i> and when <i>Lookup Method</i> is set to <i>Static IP</i>.</p>
ImageServer Port	<p>Specifies the primary IP port of the ImageServer, which is used by the client to communicate. The default IP port is <b>06910</b>.</p> <p> <b>NOTE:</b> This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i>.</p>
Client DHCP	<p>Specifies how the client obtains the IP address.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Static IP</li> <li>• DHCP (enabled by default)</li> </ul> <p> <b>NOTE:</b> This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i>.</p>
Client IP	Specifies the static IP address of the client. The default IP address is <b>255.255.255.255</b> .



Option	Description
	 <b>NOTE:</b> This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i> and when <i>Client DHCP</i> is set to <i>Static IP</i> .
Client SubnetMask	Specifies the subnet mask of the client. The default setting is <b>255.255.255.255</b> .
	 <b>NOTE:</b> This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i> and when <i>Client DHCP</i> is set to <i>Static IP</i> .
Client Gateway	Specifies the gateway IP address for the client. The default setting is <b>255.255.255.255</b> .
	 <b>NOTE:</b> This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i> and when <i>Client DHCP</i> is set to <i>Static IP</i> .
License Status	Displays the current license status.

**Table 11. System Logs**

Option	Description
BIOS events	Displays the system event log and allows you to clear the log. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clear Log</li> </ul>

## Updating the BIOS

It is recommended to update your BIOS (system setup), on replacing the system board or if an update is available. For notebooks, ensure that your computer battery is fully charged and connected to a power outlet

1. Restart the computer.
2. Go to [support.dell.com/support/downloads](http://support.dell.com/support/downloads).
3. If you have your computer's Service Tag or Express Service Code:
  -  **NOTE:** For desktops, the service tag label is available on the front of your computer.
  -  **NOTE:** For notebooks, the service tag label is available on the bottom of your computer.
  - a) Enter the **Service Tag** or **Express Service Code** and click **Submit**.
  - b) Click **Submit** and proceed to step 5.
4. If you do not have your computer's service tag or express service code, select one of the following:
  - a) **Automatically detect my Service Tag for me**
  - b) **Choose from My Products and Services List**
  - c) **Choose from a list of all Dell products**
5. On the application and drivers screen, under the **Operating System** drop-down list, select **BIOS**.
6. Identify the latest BIOS file and click **Download File**.
7. Select your preferred download method in the **Please select your download method below window**; click **Download Now**.  
The **File Download** window appears.
8. Click **Save** to save the file on your computer.
9. Click **Run** to install the updated BIOS settings on your computer.

Follow the instructions on the screen.

## Jumper Settings

To change a jumper setting, pull the plug off its pin(s) and carefully fit it down onto the pin(s) indicated on the system board. The following table displays the system board jumper settings.

**Table 12. Jumper Settings**

Jumper	Setting	Description
PSWD	Default	Password features are enabled
RTCST	pin 1 and 2	Real-time clock reset. Can be used for troubleshooting.

## System and Setup Password


You can create a system password and a setup password to secure your computer.


Password Type	Description
---------------	-------------

<b>System password</b>	Password that you must enter to log on to your system.
------------------------	--

<b>Setup password</b>	Password that you must enter to access and make changes to the BIOS settings of your computer.
-----------------------	--


 **CAUTION:** The password features provide a basic level of security for the data on your computer.

 **CAUTION:** Anyone can access the data stored on your computer if it is not locked and left unattended.

 **NOTE:** Your computer is shipped with the system and setup password feature disabled.

### Assigning a System Password and Setup Password

You can assign a new **System Password** and/or **Setup Password** or change an existing **System Password** and/or **Setup Password** only when **Password Status** is **Unlocked**. If the Password Status is **Locked**, you cannot change the System Password.

 **NOTE:** If the password jumper is disabled, the existing System Password and Setup Password is deleted and you need not provide the system password to log on to the computer.

To enter a system setup, press <F2> immediately after a power-on or reboot.

1. In the **System BIOS** or **System Setup** screen, select **System Security** and press <Enter>.

The **System Security** screen appears.

2. In the **System Security** screen, verify that **Password Status** is **Unlocked**.

3. Select **System Password**, enter your system password, and press <Enter> or <Tab>.

Use the following guidelines to assign the system password:

- A password can have up to 32 characters.
- The password can contain the numbers 0 through 9.
- Only lower case letters are valid, upper case letters are not allowed.
- Only the following special characters are allowed: space, ("), (+), (,), (-), (.), (/), (:), (I), (\), (l), (^).

Re-enter the system password when prompted.


4. Type the system password that you entered earlier and click **OK**.
5. Select **Setup Password**, type your system password and press <Enter> or <Tab>. A message prompts you to re-type the setup password.
6. Type the setup password that you entered earlier and click **OK**.
7. Press <Esc> and a message prompts you to save the changes.
8. Press <Y> to save the changes. The computer reboots.

## Deleting or Changing an Existing System and/or Setup Password

Ensure that the **Password Status** is Unlocked (in the System Setup) before attempting to delete or change the existing System and/or Setup password. You cannot delete or change an existing System or Setup password, if the **Password Status** is Locked.

To enter the System Setup, press <F2> immediately after a power-on or reboot.


1. In the **System BIOS** or **System Setup** screen, select **System Security** and press <Enter>. The **System Security** screen is displayed.
2. In the **System Security** screen, verify that **Password Status** is **Unlocked**.
3. Select **System Password**, alter or delete the existing system password and press <Enter> or <Tab>.
4. Select **Setup Password**, alter or delete the existing setup password and press <Enter> or <Tab>.

 **NOTE:** If you change the System and/or Setup password, re-enter the new password when promoted. If you delete the System and/or Setup password, confirm the deletion when promoted.


5. Press <Esc> and a message prompts you to save the changes.
6. Press <Y> to save the changes and exit from the System Setup. The computer reboots.

## Disabling a System Password


The system's software security features include a system password and a setup password. The password jumper disables any password(s) currently in use.

 **NOTE:** You can also use the following steps to disable a forgotten password.

1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working on Your Computer*.
2. Remove the cover.
3. Identify the PSWD jumper on the system board.
4. Remove the PSWD jumper from the system board.

 **NOTE:** The existing passwords are not disabled (erased) until the computer boots without the jumper.

5. Install the cover.

 **NOTE:** If you assign a new system and/or setup password with the PSWD jumper installed, the system disables the new password(s) the next time it boots.

6. Connect the computer to the electrical outlet and power-on the computer.
7. Power-off the computer and disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet.
8. Remove the cover.
9. Replace the PSWD jumper on the system board.

10. Install the cover.
11. Follow the procedures in *After Working on Your Computer*.
12. Power-on the computer.
13. Go to the system setup, and assign a new system or setup password. See *Setting up a System Password*.

# Diagnostics

If you experience a problem with your computer, run the ePSA diagnostics before contacting Dell for technical assistance. The purpose of running diagnostics is to test your computer's hardware without requiring additional equipment or risking data loss. If you are unable to fix the problem yourself, service and support personnel can use the diagnostics results to help you solve the problem.

## Enhanced Pre-Boot System Assessment (ePSA) Diagnostics

The ePSA diagnostics (also known as system diagnostics) performs a complete check of your hardware. The ePSA is embedded with the BIOS and is launched by the BIOS internally. The embedded system diagnostics provides a set of options for particular devices or device groups allowing you to:

- Run tests automatically or in an interactive mode
- Repeat tests
- Display or save test results
- Run thorough tests to introduce additional test options to provide extra information about the failed device(s)
- View status messages that inform you if tests are completed successfully
- View error messages that inform you of problems encountered during testing



**CAUTION:** Use the system diagnostics to test only your computer. Using this program with other computers may cause invalid results or error messages.



**NOTE:** Some tests for specific devices require user interaction. Always ensure that you are present at the computer terminal when the diagnostic tests are performed.

1. Power-on the computer.
2. As the computer boots, press the <F12> key as the Dell logo appears.
3. On the boot menu screen, select the **Diagnostics** option.  
The **Enhanced Pre-boot System Assessment** window is displayed, listing all devices detected in the computer. The diagnostics starts running the tests on all the detected devices.
4. If you wish to run a diagnostic test on a specific device, press <Esc> and click **Yes** to stop the diagnostic test.
5. Select the device from the left pane and click **Run Tests**.
6. If there are any issues, error codes are displayed.  
Note the error code and contact Dell.





# Troubleshooting Your Computer

You can troubleshoot your computer using indicators like Diagnostic Lights, Beep Codes, and Error Messages during the operation of the computer.

## Power LED Diagnostics

The power button LED located on the front of the chassis also functions as a bicolored diagnostic LED. The diagnostic LED is only active and visible during the POST process. Once the operating system starts to load, it is no longer visible.

Amber LED blinking scheme – The pattern is 2 or 3 blinks followed by a short pause then x number of blinks up to 7. The repeated pattern has a long pause inserted in the middle. For example 2,3 = 2 amber blinks, short pause, 3 amber blinks followed by long pause then repeats.

**Table 13. Power LED Diagnostics**

Amber LED State	White LED State	Description
off	off	system is off
off	blinking	system is in sleep state
blinking	off	power supply unit (PSU) failure
steady	off	PSU is working but failed to fetch code
off	steady	system is on

Amber LED State	Description
2,1	system board failure
2,2	system board, PSU or PSU cabling failure
2,3	system board, memory or CPU failure
2, 4	coin-cell battery failure
2,5	corrupt BIOS
2,6	CPU configuration failure or CPU failure
2,7	memory modules are detected, but a memory failure
3,1	possible peripheral card or system board failure
3,2	possible USB failure
3,3	no memory modules are detected
3,4	possible system board error
3,5	memory modules are detected, but a memory configuration or compatibility error
3,6	possible system board resource and/or hardware failure

Amber LED State	Description
3,7	some other failure with messages on screen

## Beep Code

The computer can emit a series of beeps during start-up if the display does not show errors or problems. These series of beeps, called beep codes, identify various problems. The delay between each beep is 300 ms, the delay between each set of beeps is 3 sec, and the beep sound lasts 300 ms. After each beep and each set of beeps, the BIOS should detect if the user presses the power button. If so, BIOS will jump out from looping and execute the normal shutdown process and power system.

<b>Code</b>	1-3-2
<b>Cause</b>	Memory failure



## Error Messages

Error Message	Description
<b>Address mark not found</b>	The BIOS found a faulty disk sector or could not find a particular disk sector.
<b>Alert! Previous attempts at booting this system have failed at checkpoint [nnnn]. For help in resolving this problem, please note this checkpoint and contact Dell Technical Support.</b>	The computer failed to complete the boot routine three consecutive times for the same error. Contact Dell and report the checkpoint code (nnnn) to the support technician
<b>Alert! Security override Jumper is installed.</b>	The MFG_MODE jumper has been set and AMT Management features are disabled until it is removed.
<b>Attachment failed to respond</b>	The floppy or hard drive controller cannot send data to the associated drive.
<b>Bad command or file name</b>	Ensure that you have spelled the command correctly, put spaces in the proper place, and used the correct pathname.
<b>Bad error-correction code (ECC) on disk read</b>	The floppy or hard drive controller detected an uncorrectable read error.
<b>Controller has failed</b>	The hard drive or the associated controller is defective.
<b>Data error</b>	The floppy or hard drive cannot read the data. For the Windows operating system, run the chkdsk utility to check the file structure of the floppy or hard drive. For any other operating system, run the appropriate corresponding utility.
<b>Decreasing available memory</b>	One or more memory modules may be faulty or improperly seated. Re-install the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them.
<b>Diskette drive 0 seek failure</b>	A cable may be loose or the computer configuration information may not match the hardware configuration.
<b>Diskette read failure</b>	The floppy disk may be defective or a cable may be loose. If the drive access light turns on, try a different disk.
<b>Diskette subsystem reset failed</b>	The floppy drive controller may be faulty.


<b>Error Message</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>Gate A20 failure</b>	One or more memory modules may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them.
<b>General failure</b>	The operating system is unable to carry out the command. This message is usually followed by specific information—for example, <b>Printer out of paper</b> . Take the appropriate action to resolve the problem.
<b>Hard-disk drive configuration error</b>	The hard drive failed initialization.
<b>Hard-disk drive controller failure</b>	The hard drive failed initialization.
<b>Hard-disk drive failure</b>	The hard drive failed initialization.
<b>Hard-disk drive read failure</b>	The hard drive failed initialization.
<b>Invalid configuration information-please run SETUP program</b>	The computer configuration information does not match the hardware configuration.
<b>Invalid Memory configuration, please populate DIMM1</b>	DIMM1 slot does not recognize a memory module. The module should be re-seated or installed.
<b>Keyboard failure</b>	A cable or connector may be loose, or the keyboard or keyboard/mouse controller may be faulty.
<b>Memory address line failure at address, read value expecting value</b>	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them.
<b>Memory allocation error</b>	The software you are attempting to run is conflicting with the operating system, another program, or a utility.
<b>Memory data line failure at address, read value expecting value</b>	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them.
<b>Memory double word logic failure at address, read value expecting value</b>	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them.
<b>Memory odd/even logic failure at address, read value expecting value</b>	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them.
<b>Memory write/read failure at address, read value expecting value</b>	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them.
<b>Memory size in CMOS invalid</b>	The amount of memory recorded in the computer configuration information does not match the memory installed in the computer.
<b>Memory tests terminated by keystroke</b>	A keystroke interrupted the memory test.
<b>No boot device available</b>	The computer cannot find the floppy disk or hard drive.
<b>No boot sector on hard-disk drive</b>	The computer configuration information in System Setup may be incorrect.
<b>No timer tick interrupt</b>	A chip on the system board might be malfunctioning.
<b>Non-system disk or disk error</b>	The floppy disk in drive A does not have a bootable operating system installed on it. Either replace the floppy disk with one that has a bootable operating system, or remove the floppy disk from drive A and restart the computer.
<b>Not a boot diskette</b>	The operating system is trying to boot to a floppy disk that does not have a bootable operating system installed on it. Insert a bootable floppy disk.

<b>Error Message</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>Plug and play configuration error</b>	The computer encountered a problem while trying to configure one or more cards.
<b>Read fault</b>	The operating system cannot read from the floppy or hard drive, the computer could not find a particular sector on the disk, or the requested sector is defective.
<b>Requested sector not found</b>	The operating system cannot read from the floppy or hard drive, the computer could not find a particular sector on the disk, or the requested sector is defective.
<b>Reset failed</b>	The disk re-set operation failed.
<b>Sector not found</b>	The operating system cannot locate a sector on the floppy or hard drive.
<b>Seek error</b>	The operating system cannot find a specific track on the floppy disk or hard drive.
<b>Shutdown failure</b>	A chip on the system board might be malfunctioning.
<b>Time-of-day clock stopped</b>	The battery might be dead.
<b>Time-of-day not set-please run the System Setup program</b>	The time or date stored in System Setup does not match the computer clock.
<b>Timer chip counter 2 failed</b>	A chip on the system board may be malfunctioning.
<b>Unexpected interrupt in protected mode</b>	The keyboard controller may be malfunctioning or a memory module may be loose.
<b>WARNING: Dell's Disk Monitoring System has detected that drive [0/1] on the [primary/secondary] EIDE controller is operating outside of normal specifications. It is advisable to immediately back up your data and replace your hard drive by calling your support desk or Dell.</b>	During initial startup, the drive detected possible error conditions. When your computer finishes booting, immediately back up your data and replace your hard drive (for installation procedures, see "Adding and Removing Parts" for your computer type). If no replacement drive is immediately available and the drive is not the only bootable drive, enter System Setup and change the appropriate drive setting to <b>None</b> . Then remove the drive from the computer.
<b>Write fault</b>	The operating system cannot write to the floppy or hard drive.
<b>Write fault on selected drive</b>	The operating system cannot write to the floppy or hard drive.

# Specifications

 **NOTE:** Offerings may vary by region. For more information regarding the configuration of your computer, click Start  (Start icon) → **Help and Support**, and then select the option to view information about your computer.

**Table 14. Processor**

Feature	Specification
Processor type	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Intel Core i3 series</li> <li>• Intel Core i5 series</li> <li>• Intel Core i7 series</li> <li>• Intel Pentium Dual Core series</li> <li>• Intel Celeron series</li> </ul>
	 <b>NOTE:</b> Intel Celeron series is only available for the Dell OptiPlex 7010.
Total Cache	Up to 8 MB cache depending on processor type

**Table 15. Memory**

Feature	Specification
Type	DDR3
Speed	1600 MHz
Connectors:	
Desktop, Mini-Tower, Small Form Factor	four DIMM slots
Ultra Small Form Factor	two DIMM slots
Capacity	2 GB, 4 GB, 6 GB, 8 GB, 16 GB and 32 GB
Minimum Memory	2 GB
Maximum memory:	
Desktop, Mini-Tower, Small Form Factor	32 GB
Ultra Small Form Factor	16 GB

**Table 16. Video**

Feature	Specification
Integrated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Intel HD Graphics (Celeron/Pentium CPU-GPU)</li> <li>• Intel HD Graphics 2000 (iCore DC/QC Intel 7 Series Express Chipset CPU-GPU combo)</li> </ul>

Feature	Specification
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intel HD Graphics 2500/4000 (i3/i5/i7 DC/QC Intel 7 Series Express Chipset CPU-GPU Combo)</li> </ul>
Discrete	PCI Express x16 graphics adapter

**Table 17. Audio**

Feature	Specification
Integrated	two Channel High Definition Audio

**Table 18. Network**

Feature	Specification
Integrated	Intel 82579LM Ethernet capable of 10/100/1000 Mb/s communication

**Table 19. System Information**

Feature	Specification
System Chipset	Intel 7 Series Express Chipset
DMA Channels	two 82C37 DMA controllers with seven independently programmable channels
Interrupt Levels	Integrated I/O APIC capability with 24 interrupts
BIOS Chip (NVRAM)	12 MB

**Table 20. Expansion Bus**

Feature	Specification
Bus Type	PCIe gen2, gen3 (x16), USB 2.0, and USB 3.0
Bus Speed	PCI Express: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>x1-slot bidirectional speed – 500 MB/s</li> <li>x16-slot bidirectional speed – 16 GB/s</li> </ul> SATA: 1.5 Gbps, 3.0 Gbps, and 6 Gbps

**Table 21. Cards**

Feature	Specification
PCI:	
Mini-Tower	up to one full-height card
Desktop	up to one low-profile card
Small Form Factor	none
Ultra Small Form Factor	none




Feature	Specification
PCI Express x1:	
Mini-Tower	up to three full-height cards
Desktop	up to three low-profile cards
Small Form Factor	up to two low-profile cards
Ultra Small Form Factor	none
PCI-Express x16:	
Mini-Tower	up to two full-height cards
Desktop	up to two low-profile cards
Small Form Factor	up to two low-profile cards
Ultra Small Form Factor	none
Mini PCI Express:	
Mini-Tower	none
Desktop	none
Small Form Factor	none
Ultra Small Form Factor	up to one half-height card

**Table 22. Drives**

Feature	Specification
Externally Accessible (5.25-inch drive bays)	
Mini-Tower	two
Desktop	one
Small Form Factor	one slim optical drive bay
Ultra Small Form Factor	one slim optical drive bay
Internally Accessible	
Mini-Tower	3.5-inch SATA drive bays      2.5-inch SATA drive bays
Desktop	two      two
Small Form Factor	one      two
Ultra Small Form Factor	none      one

**Table 23. External Connectors**

Feature	Specification
Audio:	
Front Panel	one microphone connector and one headphone connector
Back Panel	one line-out connector and one line-in/microphone connector

Feature	Specification
Network Adapter	one RJ45 connector
Serial	one 9-pin connector; 16550 C compatible
Parallel	one 25-pin connector (optional for mini-tower, desktop and small form factor)
USB 2.0:	
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor	Front Panel: 2 Back Panel: 4
Ultra Small Form Factor	Front Panel: none Back Panel: 2
USB 3.0:	
	Front Panel: 2 Back Panel: 2
Video	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>15-pin VGA connector</li> <li>two 20-pin DisplayPort connectors</li> </ul>
	 <b>NOTE:</b> Available video connectors may vary based on the graphics card selected.

**Table 24. Internal Connectors**

Feature	Specification
PCI 2.3 data width (maximum) – 32 bits:	
Mini-Tower and Desktop	one 120-pin connector
Small Form Factor and Ultra Small Form Factor	none
PCI Express x1 data width (maximum) – one PCI Express lane:	
Mini-Tower and Desktop	one 36-pin connector
Small Form Factor and Ultra Small Form Factor	none
PCI Express x16 (wired as x4) data width (maximum) – four PCI Express lanes:	
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor	one 164-pin connector
Ultra Small Form Factor	none
PCI Express x16 data width (maximum) – 16 PCI Express lanes:	
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor	one 164-pin connector
Ultra Small Form Factor	none
Mini PCI Express data width (maximum) – one PCI Express lane and one USB interface:	
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor	none
Ultra Small Form Factor	one 52-pin connector
Serial ATA:	

<b>Feature</b>	<b>Specification</b>
Mini-Tower	four 7-pin connectors
Desktop	three 7-pin connectors
Small Form Factor	three 7-pin connectors
Ultra Small Form Factor	two 7-pin connectors
<b>Memory:</b>	
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor	four 240-pin connectors
Ultra Small Form Factor	two 240-pin connectors
<b>Internal USB:</b>	
Mini-Tower and Desktop	one 10-pin connector
Small Form Factor and Ultra Small Form Factor	none
System Fan	one 5-pin connector
<b>Front panel control:</b>	
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor	one 6-pin and two 20-pin connector
Ultra Small Form Factor	one 14-pin, one 20-pin and one 10-pin connector
Thermal Sensor	one 2-pin connector
Processor	one 1155-pin connector
Processor Fan	one 5-pin connector
Service mode jumper	one 2-pin connector
Password clear jumper	one 2-pin connector
RTC reset jumper	one 2-pin connector
Internal speaker	one 5-pin connector
Intruder connector	one 3-pin connector
<b>Power connector:</b>	
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor	one 24-pin and one 4-pin connector
Ultra Small Form Factor	one 8-pin, one 6-pin, and one 4-pin connector

**Table 25. Controls and Lights**

<b>Feature</b>	<b>Specification</b>
<b>Front of the computer:</b>	
Power button light	White light — Solid white light indicates power-on state; blinking white light indicates sleep state of the computer.
Drive activity light	White light — Blinking white light indicates that the computer is reading data from or writing data to the hard drive.
<b>Back of the computer:</b>	

Feature	Specification
Link integrity light on integrated network adapter	Green — a good 10 Mbps connection exists between the network and the computer.  Orange — a good 100 Mbps connection exists between the network and the computer.  Yellow — a good 1000 Mbps connection exists between the network and the computer.  Off (no light) — the computer is not detecting a physical connection to the network.
Network activity light on integrated network adapter	Yellow light — A blinking yellow light indicates that network activity is present.
Power supply diagnostic light	Green light — The power supply is turned on and is functional. The power cable must be connected to the power connector (at the back of the computer) and the electrical outlet.

**Table 26. Power**

 **NOTE: Heat dissipation is calculated by using the power supply wattage rating.**

Power	Wattage	Maximum Heat Dissipation	Voltage
Mini-Tower	275 W	1390 BTU/hr	100 VAC to 240 VAC, 50 Hz to 60 Hz, 5.0 A
Desktop	250 W	1312 BTU/hr	100 VAC to 240 VAC, 50 Hz to 60 Hz, 4.4 A
Small Form Factor	240 W	1259 BTU/hr	100 VAC to 240 VAC, 50 Hz to 60 Hz, 3.6 A
Ultra Small Form Factor	200 W	758 BTU/hr	100 VAC to 240 VAC, 50 Hz to 60 Hz, 2.9 A
Coin-cell battery		3 V CR2032 lithium coin cell	

**Table 27. Physical Dimension**

Physical	Height	Width	Depth	Weight
Mini-Tower	36.00 cm (14.17 inches)	17.50 cm (6.89 inches)	41.70 cm (16.42 inches)	9.40 kg (20.72 lb)
Desktop	36.00 cm (14.17 inches)	10.20 cm (4.01 inches)	41.00 cm (16.14 inches)	7.90 kg (17.42 lb)
Small Form Factor	29.00 cm (11.42 inches)	9.30 cm (3.66 inches)	31.20 cm (12.28 inches)	6.00 kg (13.22 lb)
Ultra Small Form Factor	23.70 cm (9.33 inches)	6.50 cm (2.56 inches)	24.00 cm (9.45 inches)	3.30 kg (7.28 lb)

**Table 28. Environmental**

<b>Feature</b>	<b>Specification</b>
Temperature range:	
Operating	10 °C to 35 °C (50 °F to 95 °F)
Storage	–40 °C to 65 °C (–40 °F to 149 °F)
Relative humidity (maximum):	
Operating	20% to 80% (non-condensing)
Storage	5% to 95% (non-condensing)
Maximum vibration:	
Operating	0.26 GRMS
Storage	2.20 GRMS
Maximum shock:	
Operating	40 G
Storage	105 G
Altitude:	
Operating	–15.20 m to 3048 m (–50 ft to 10,000 ft)
Storage	–15.20 m to 10,668 m (–50 ft to 35,000 ft)
Airborne contaminant level	G1 or lower as defined by ANSI/ISA-S71.04-1985





# Contacting Dell

To contact Dell for sales, technical support, or customer service issues:

1. Visit [support.dell.com](http://support.dell.com).
2. Verify your country or region in the **Choose a Country/Region** drop-down menu at the bottom of the page.
3. Click **Contact Us** on the left side of the page.
4. Select the appropriate service or support link based on your need.
5. Choose the method of contacting Dell that is convenient for you.